The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

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The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

VOL. III, NO. 130 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY JUNE 2, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
SATURDAY.				
5th June	Mooltan	10000	....	..
12th ,,	Arabia	8000	....	..
19th ,,	Salsette	6600	Moldavia	10000
26th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	..	..
SUNDAY.				
4th July	Salsette	6000	Egypt	8000
11th ,,	Khyber	9000	....	..
18th ,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
25th ,,	Caledonia	8000	....	..
1st August	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkon and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders	Tons	Arrival.	Departur
Bombay Maru	G. Ota	4625	24th May	4th June
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada	3784	31st May	12th June
Nanagawa Maru	K. Hico	6238	7th June	20th June
Kamakura Maru	S. Nishimez	6126	20th June	2nd July

For Freight apply to:—

E. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.
Head Office: BOMBAY.
FUNDS EXCEED Rs. 1,00,00,000.
The low Premiums and liberal conditions of the
EMPIRE OF INDIA
Offer exceptional advantages to intending Assurers.
Prospectuses, proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
ALLUM, BEARUCHA & Co.
Managers.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD. ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)

SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
*City of Sparta	.. 5415	..	12th June
City of London	.. 9000	22nd June	....
City of Lahore	.. 6947	22nd June	....

*This steamer (City of Sparta) is not fitted with wireless telegraphy.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles cut from Liverpool	..	999	..	767

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.
A and C class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.
The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.
Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.
All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."
For passage and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons. Agency
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.
DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK.
BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.
For Further particulars regarding freight Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,175,000
Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisumu
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH HUDD,
Manager.
Post Box 151.

When in need of a throat relief get Zymole Trokeys. They are the most improved form of medication for an irritated throat or a tight cough. A trial will convince you. 12

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMER as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels	Tons.	Sailing date.	Time.	Routes.
"LHASA,"	2,184,	Friday 4th June		†Direct

†On arrival of the English Mail.

T. S. "LHASA," 2,184 tons, after arrival of English Mail steamer on Friday, 4th June connecting at Karachi with S. S. "DUMRA," (Passengers only) for Muskat, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "BARPETA," 3,283 tons, on Thursday, 3rd June, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "PUNDUA," 3,305 tons, on or about 7th June, calling at Mombassa and Zanzibar.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "DILWARA," 5,378, tons on or about 12th June, calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Umballa," 5,310 tons, on or about 5th June, calling at Tuticorin, Colobo and Calcutta.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.
2nd June, 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.
APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage	Captains	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Castalia"	6388	Capt. Wm. Kelso	4th June 1915
S. S. "Olympia"	5124	J. L. Henderson	about middle of July, 1915.

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.
ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578,	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590,	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor, Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA
BOMBAY & POONA.
SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.
Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments.
ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION
F. CORNAGLIA
Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.
83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
and
Arsenal Road, POONA.
Telegrams, CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.
Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 55,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
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J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)
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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.
Registered under the Baroda Companies Act. III of 1897.
HEAD OFFICE BARODA.
Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 3,75,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs 500 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSIT.
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on beahlf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

No excuse for the pale and anoemic—Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract sends rich red blood coursing through the veins, makes rosy cheeks, bright and clear eyes. B. 17

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.
(SCOTLAND)
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS	O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:
SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.
P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439

BROADWOOD'S.
THE
ENGLISH PIANO
FOR
AN ENGLISHMAN'S HOME
Upright Models—Rs. 780/-, Rs. 950/-, Rs. 1,100/-, & Rs. 1,300/-
Horizontal Grands—Rs. 1,650/- & Rs. 1,950/-
The musical characteristics of BROADWOOD'S instruments are far in advance of those of the usual construction of Pianos, and they possess every quality desired by the most exacting musician.
Broadwood's Steel Barless models, both Grand and Upright, are entirely new departures in Piano construction. Like so many other great BROADWOOD improvements is a beautiful simplification of design, and at the same time immensely facilitates the production of tone-quality of hitherto unattainable purity and breadth. Their latest tropical models are now on view at the
Sole Agents for
JOHN BROADWOOD AND SONS,
MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

RELIABLE BOOTS FOR MONSOON WEAR.
Black Rs. 16-8 } Nett.
Tan ,, 17-8 }
In spite of the enormous increase in the price of all English leathers we are able, owing to our holding large stocks at the outbreak of war, to offer these Boots at the exceptionally low price quoted.
This is a Boot that we can thoroughly recommend.
Badham, Pile & Co. Ltd
BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan)
Established 1880.
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 19,600,000
HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein	Liaoyang
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen (Dalney)	London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Hankow	Lyons	San Francisco
Harbin	Fengtien	Shanghai
Hong Kong	(Mukden)	Tiehling
Honolulu	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Kobe	Newchwang	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	New York	Tsingtau
	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 267
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.
Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 26,81,500
Capital Paid Up ..... Rs. 13,14,275
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 10,80,000
HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.
For other particulars, and rules of business apply to
SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR ACCESSORIES—Have your Car equipped by the BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD., Elphinstone Circle and Apollo Bunder, Bombay, who hold a choice selection of the Best Motor Accessories and a large stock of spare parts. 531—7.

YOUR PIANO can be tuned or repaired at a small cost by L. M. Furtado and Co., Kalbadevie Road, Bombay. 861

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
46, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 765

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities Best Examination results. 60, Esplanade Road. 832

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—FOR CRUSHED STONE and DUST. Large stock for immediate delivery F. O. R. Bombay. Apply to:—
S. D. KAPADIA,
659 82, Nagdevi Street, Bombay.

SANITARY WARES SUPPLIERS.—ABUSBHOY ABDULALLY, largest dealer in Sanitary sundries, Cast Iron, Rain Water, Soil and Lead and W. I. Galvanized and Earthenware Pipes and Fittings, Brass Taps, Tiles, Lavatories, etc., etc., 198, Nagdevi St. 524

CHIRABAZAR TUITION CLASS prepares efficiently and most successfully students for BOOK-KEEPING & ACCOUNTANCY with GUARANTEED results and at moderate rates. Postal tuition and tuitions at students' HOMES undertaken. Apply
170 130, CHANDANWADI, Bombay.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTERS of CASTROL the best Lubricating Oil for Motor Cars and Motor Cycles, as supplied to the War Office.
THE AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD.,
New Queen's Road,
Bombay.
Telephone:—No. 2180.
Telegrams:—"Aeroplane" Bombay.
13

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

PIANOS:—Mr. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connection with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Class, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 869

WANTED.

WANTED a DRAWING TEACHER who is a Matriculate or School Final. Apply sharp with terms to the MANAGER, Madressa Ahmadia, Rander, 821

WANTED.—A MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DRAUGHTSMAN AND ESTIMATOR. Apply OAKES & Co., Ltd. Beehive Foundry, Madras. 849

LA MARTINIERE, CALCUTTA.—Owing to the appointment of a member of the staff to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, an Assistant Master will be required on June 23rd, to teach the ordinary class subjects in one of the Middle Forms of the School. Salary Rs. 150 per mensem, furnished quarters, and certain allowances.

If the master appointed is able to teach Urdu up to the Government Lower Standard he would also be appointed Urdu Teacher and receive an additional Rs. 50 per mensem. A master able to teach singing might increase his remuneration by Rs. 25 per mensem.

Applications are invited from European or Anglo-Indian gentlemen who have had successful experience. Copies only of testimonals are to be sent.—Address the PRINCIPAL. 183 190

WANTED.

WANTED immediately an experienced BANDMASTER. Free quarters offered and pay Rs. 200—250 per month. Apply with testimonials BAND PRESIDENT, 123rd Outram's Rifles, Shillong, Assam. 185

WANTED—A second hand reliable 3½ H. P. MOTOR BIKE with free engine, better if with speed gear and side car. Apply to M. C. WATCHMAKER, No. 2436, East Street, Poona. 838

WANTED—A COMPETENT and ENERGETIC SOLICITOR, as ASSISTANT by a Parsi Solicitor of several years' standing restarting work. Wanted also a Managing Clerk. Apply to Box No. 500, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". 100

WANTED for the Zenana Hospital, Dera Ismail Khan a Female Assistant Surgeon (Indian) pay Rs. 150 p.m., with free quarters and outdoor servants. Private practice not allowed.—Apply with copies of testimonials to the PRESIDENT, Municipal Committee, Dera Ismail Khan. 185

WANTED.—PATIENTS suffering from Nervous debility of any kind, Treated, strictly confidential, by a specialist of good reference. Apply to Box No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 516

WANTED—GRADUATES & UNDERGRADUATES to teach Science, Mathematics and Persian. To join from 15th June. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to the
SUPERINTENDENT,
New High School,
775 Godhra, Panchmahals.

WANTED—CARPENTER. A first class carpenter required for work throughout the year in the Public Works Department at Nasik. Apply sending copies of testimonials and stating age, caste and lowest pay to:—
THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
1184 Nasik District Nasik.

WANTED two COMPETENT GRADUATES, in Arts, as TEACHERS for a private Matriculation class at Bassein. District Thana. Decent salary. For particulars apply to:—
SAKHARAM RAMCHANDRA GAWANKER,
Bassein, (Dt. Thana). 873

WANTED from 8th July, 1915, a GRADUATE strong in Mathematics and Sanskrit for the post of ASSISTANT HEADMASTER of Beneh High School, Rajgarh, C. I. Pay Rs. 60 per mensem with free quarters. Apply to the
DEWAN,
RAJGARH (BIAORA) STATE, C. I.
872

WANTED a LADY ASSISTANT SURGEON, who must have passed the L. M. & S., or M. B. B. S., examination for the Lady Dufferin Hospital Shikarpur (Sind). Pay Rs. 130 plus Sind allowance Rs. 20 rising by annual increment of Rs. 10 to Rs. 180. Also carriage allowance of Rs. 20 and house rent of Rs. 15 till quarters for her residence are provided in the Hospital. Apply stating qualifications to MR. JOHANMAL, Local Secretary. 874

WANTED—A few GRADUATES to work as ASSISTANT MASTERS, in the High School, Khairpur-Mir's. Initial salary from Rs. 60 to Rs. 100 according to qualifications and experience. One of the applicants should be a B.Sc. or a B.A. with science as his voluntary subject. Apply sharp, with copies of testimonials, to—
ABDUL MAJID DARESHANI, Esq. MA.,
Principal. High School, Khairpur-Mir's.
Khairpur-Mir's, 13th May, 1915. 727

WANTED—For Mechanical Transport Corps, North West Frontier Provinces: as many European or Indian Motor Lorry Drivers as possible.

TERMS—EUROPEAN.

Rank of Corporal, Rupees 98 per mensem, free accommodation. rations, clothing and equipment.

INDIAN.

Rank of Naik. Rupees 55 per month, free accommodation (or allowance in lieu), rations, clothing and equipment.

Candidates should have some experience in the handling of petrol motor lorries, or petrol motor cars.

Apply ASSISTANT COMMANDING ROYAL ENGINEERS, 7, Officers Quarters. Allahabad. 184

WANTED for the Aminabad High School Lucknow.—One B. A. L. T. strong in English and Geography, salary Rs. 80-4-100 per mensem.

2. One C. T. (F. A.), salary Rs. 45-3-60 per mensem.

3. One Undergraduate with Sanskrit as his second language, salary Rs. 25 per mensem.

Preference will be given to experienced candidates and those who have resided for a period of 3 years at least in the United Provinces.

Applications to be sent to the undersigned by 10th June 1915 with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned. In case of applicants already in employment the applications should be sent through their Head Masters or immediate superior officers.

The selected candidates will be required to sign agreements to serve the school for a period of 5 years at least and will be required to join on the 8th July 1915 and to contribute to the Municipal Provident Fund.

By order,
W. E. BOTTING,
Secretary, Municipal Board.
Lucknow, the 24th May 1915.
190

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroa may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 662

FOR SALE—REGULATION LIFE BELTS to clear remaining stock. Apply to J. PURBHOODAS & Co., 32, Tamarind Lane, Fort. 825

FOR SALE—OLIVER TYPEWRITER No. 5, not much used, excellent condition; open to reasonable offer. Apply to Box No. 382, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 880

FOR SALE—A Good Sweet-toned Second-hand square PIANO. Price when new £60, offers after inspection invited. Apply to Box No. 383, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 881

FOR SALE 23 B. H. P. FIELDING OIL ENGINE, in perfect working order with self-starter etc. Can be seen at work at VITHAL PURSHOTUM & SON, 2, Khetwady Lane. 865

FOR SALE—British—Standard A 2¾ H.P. MOTOR CYCLE, with new Tyre and X L seat with horn, lamp, tools sets and bag complete. Hardly used 1000 miles. Rs. 400 or nearest offer. Apply W.E., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 162

FOR SALE—MANGOES, best ALPHONSO. Rs. 3, Rs. 4/8, Rs. 6; PAYAREE Rs. 2, Rs. 3 Rs. 4/8 per dozen. All other fruits, vegetables, fish, ice, etc., at market rates. Order with cash or V.P.P.
DHOBLE & CO.
673A Crawford Market Bombay.

UNCLAIMED very valuable parcels and luggage by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 4th and SATURDAY, the 5th June, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at Victoria Terminus Parcel Office. See circular of
METHA & COMPANY,
817

FOR SALE—ONE ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT to lift 10 cwts. to a height of 50'—8½" complete with Motor, Gearing, Collapsible Gates, Indicater Board, etc., by "Smith and Stevens." London and Manchester. Patent Stevens and Major's system."

One Electric Goods Lift to carry 5 cwts to a total height of 50'—8½" including motor etc., and the necessary Cage, Steel Gates and Indicator Board, by "Arch Smith and Stevens" in good working order, for immediate disposal; offers to include cost of dismantling. Apply to Box No. 365, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 767

TO BE LET.

BOARD and RESIDENCE available at "The Cabins," Middle Colaba. Apply on the premises. 187

A RARE OPPORTUNITY. Two flats 2nd and 3rd 3 or 4 bed-rooms each westerly facing. Apply N. M. PATELL, Cumballa Hill. 875

TO LET.—Office room 61 by 23 feet will accommodate more than one tenant. Electric fittings.
D. R. UMRIGAR,
832 Apollo Street.

MAHABALESHWAR—Well furnished bungalows, including Sandhurst Castle and St. James' Cottage, To Let. Apply to:—
ADARJEE BROS.
828 House Agents.

DEOLALI—To let—NADKARNI VILLA and NADKARNI LODGE well-furnished with extensive compound. Apply to EXECUTRIX of late Rao Bahadur G. N. NADKARNI, Jambulwadi Kalbadevi Bombay. 653

WATSON'S ANNEXE, APPOLLO BUNDER—Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 125 to 25. Apply—
MANAGER,
795 Watson's Annexe.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, available for married couple or bachelors in an up-to-date flat on the Colaba Reclamation, electric light and fans, all modern appointments. Separate bathroom to each room, excellent cuisine. Apply to Box No. 520, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 170

TO BE LET—TOP FLOOR of MATILDA BUILDING, Sussex Road, next to Victoria Gardens, furnished or unfurnished, for six months from 1st June. Flat consists of four bed-rooms sitting and dining room; a kitchen, veranda surrounds building, facing west: Modern conveniences. For further particulars, apply to Mr. PERRY, on premises. 190

MARRIED COUPLE, who have a large ground floor flat of a bungalow at Colaba, facing harbour, would like one or two gentlemen, preferably belonging to Bombay Gymkhana, to share expenses which would not be more than Rs. 150 per mensem per head inclusive. Apply sharp to "ORIENT HOUSE AGENCY" 31, Hamam Street, Fort, or 'Phone No. 2569. 883

NOTICES.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be closed on THURSDAY, the 3rd proximo, that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.
A. LOGIE,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 27th May 1915. 827

NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to one p.m., (Bombay Time), on THURSDAY, the 10th day of June, 1915, for the supply of 1,000 teak-wood sleepers half round.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 350 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

6. The Tenderers must furnish the names of the partners constituting the firm with the Tender.

A. G. CHRISTIANSEN, Esq.,
M.S.E.A.M.I.M.E.,
Storekeeper,
884 Municipality.

CAUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client Mr. T. HARA, carrying on business at 73-75, Nagdevi Street, Bombay, is the Sole Agent in India except at Calcutta of the SAKURA CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, Osaka, and that Messrs. Cooper and Company 72, Canning Street, Calcutta, are the Sole Agents of the said Sakura Cement Company, Limited, for importing cement manufactured by the said Company.

It has come to our client's knowledge that some person or persons in Bombay, and at other places are surreptitiously importing cement from Osaka into India, otherwise than through our said client.

Notice is therefore, hereby given that if any person or persons will import cement into India in casks, or otherwise bearing the brand of the said Sakura Cement Company, Limited, described below through any other Agency except that of our client or of the said Messrs. COOPER & COMPANY, will be dealt with according to law.

DESCRIPTION OF BRAND.

A green circle with the word "Sakura" on a red band in the centre with a small red circle over the word "Sakura" showing a bunch of cherries and the words "Portland Cement" on the top segment of the circle and the words "Trade Mark" below the circle of Cherries and the words "Cherry Brand Cement" underneath the word "Sakura" and the words "Sakura Cement Company Osaka Japan" in the lower segment of the circle.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1915.
BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
863 Attorneys for Mr. T. Hara.

S. S. "CITY OF SPARTA."

ARRIVED ON 31ST MAY 1915.

CONSIGNEES are requested to take delivery of their CARGO as per Bill of Lading. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed and within one week of their being landed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS' AGENCY,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.)
Agents.
Home Street.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of cargo ex this Company's steamers from Calcutta and Coast ports are hereby notified that when the Company's steamers enter Dock, cargo will be discharged on the Wharf. If consignees wish to take overside delivery into their boats in Dock, all the Port Trust charges are to be borne by them.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
877 Agents.

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD.

of 105, VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER, LONDON, S. W.

THURSDAY, the 3rd instant, being a Public Holiday, the Bombay Branch of the Society will be closed on that day. 876

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26 BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT SECOND SONAPORE CROSS LANE.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will on SATURDAY, the 5th day of June, 1915, at 5 p.m., (S. T.), sell on the premises by Public Auction under the instructions and on behalf of Bai Jerbai widow and executrix of the last will of Savakshaw Kavasjee Mulla Feroze deceased the undermentioned property viz:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Second Sonapore Cross Lane without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 156 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Shivram Atmaram on or towards the South by the property of Manchershaw Kavasjee Mulla Feroze on or towards the East by the properties of Contractor Gulam Hussin Karim and Gulam Rasul Gulamhusein and on or towards the West by Second Sonapore Cross Lane aforesaid and which premises are registered in the Collector's records under New Survey No. and in Municipal records under C Ward No. 3518 and Street No. 10.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Forbes & Co., Solicitors for the said Bai Jerbai widow and executrix of the last will of Shavkshaw Kavasjee Mulla Feroze deceased, at their office at No. 4 Motilal Mansions, 14 Hummum Streot Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENTS IN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE, LANDED PROPERTY, SITUATE AT AND BETWEEN KHANDIA STREET, AND UNDERIA STREET, NEAR TWO TANKS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwala, Attorneys for the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Haji Ebrahim, Haji Soormahomed, and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 22nd day of September, 1913, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of June, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following landed property:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground partly registered under quit and ground rent tenure, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 472, 473 and 475, New Nos. 7736, 7737, Old Old Survey Nos. 2626, 2627, 2628 and 2629, New Survey No. 3979, and partly registered under leasehold land under Old No. 162, New No. 16168, Old Survey No. 1/2629, New Survey No. 3979, admeasuring 162 and 7/9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate at, and between Khandia Street and Underia Street, outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under E. Ward No. 663, Street Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and bounded on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Kaji Alisab Dawood Sab, on or towards the West by the property of Bai Tuljabai, on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage, and on or towards the South by the Khandia's Cross Lane, now called Street, between Temkar Street and Underia Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwala, Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their Office at 373, Hornby, Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

MESSRS. D'LAL

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE, TEAK AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE.

TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY 2ND JUNE AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.)

THIS-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, 1915, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. D'LAL M. & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms in El. Circle Fort (where the goods are brought for sale) very valuable handsome teak and black wood office and household furniture including handsome Mirror side boards, arm and armless chairs, blackwood handsome cradle, meat safe, marble top tables, Piano stool, English baba cot, tile teapoys, iron and wooden cots, sofas, reclining sofas, dressing chest of drawers, pictures, double and single door almyrahs, towel stand, writing and ladies tables, dirty cloth basket, tennis bat, galichas, phonographs, records, jardineers, rich glass and crockery ware, silver English watch by Jone Jones double case, etc., etc.

The property of Mr. A. B. Cartland and others.

The property is on view.

N. B.—Handsome mirror sideboards and blackwood cradle are worth having, and therefore we solicit your special attention to inspect.

D'LAL M. & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

JIVAJEE SORABJI & CO

No. 16, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay.

OLD TIMBER IN PIECES AND ALSO (HORSE FITTINGS) and OLD TANKS, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from the Director Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, Messrs. JIVAJEE SORABJEE & Co., will sell by Public Auction, the abovementioned materials, on FRIDAY the 4th June, 1915, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), situated at the Alexandra Dock, No. 7 Shed.

Also other materials sold on SATURDAY, the 5th June, 1915, at 3 p.m. in the compound of Government Dockyard and Bombay Arsenal.

Further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned which will be declared at the time of the sale.

JIVAJEE SORABJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF 852 BALES OF COTTON.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO., will THIS-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, 1915, sell by Public Auction, at 4.30 p.m., (S.T.), at Arthur Bunder Colaba, by order of the Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of the concerned:—

About 852 full pressed bales of Broach, Darwar, Jalna, Dhollera, Khandesh and Ujjain Cotton of best staples slightly damaged by salt water. The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

On SUNDAY, the 6th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Carnac Road, at the junction of Chuckla Street, opposite the Crawford Market, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, such as tea-poys, chairs, easy chairs, sideboard, crockery stands, almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, hat and umbrella stands, large and small writing tables, office chairs, towel racks, single and double bedsteads, corner cabinets, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, etc., etc.

The property of a merchant closing his business.

The property is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 handsome strong rubber tyred palanquin office Shigram, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 bay arab horse, quiet in saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF COPPER AND BRASS SHEETS.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 5th inst., sell by public auction at their rooms at No. 22 Apollo St. at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), by order of Messrs. Pule & Co., on account and risk of defaulting purchasers the following:—

ON ACCOUNT AND RISK OF RUNCHORDAS NAGERDAS.

100 bundles T.A. 3551/3650, English Copper Sheets SS. Chester.
50 bundles C.E.R. 951/1000 German Copper Sheets SS. Braunfels.
50 bundles C.E.R. 1001/50 German Copper Sheets SS. Nordmark.
50 bundles V. D. 3751/3800 English copper sheets S.S.C. of Calcutta.
50 bundles S.H.C. out of 1/100 Nevil Dina Y. M. Sheets SS. Mantna.
200 bundles R.O.S.E. 2251/2450 Rex Y. M. Sheets SS. Nordmark.
79 bundles J.P.V. 2451/2550 Munta Metal SS. Olympia.

ON ACCOUNT AND RISK OF HARI CHAND DALCHARAN.

50 bundles R.O.B. 1/50 English Copper Sheets SS. Caledonia.
50 bundles V.D. 3801/50 English Copper Sheets SS. City of Calcutta.
50 bundles D.S. 3851/3900 English Copper Sheets SS. City of Calcutta.
50 bundles B.O.B. 51/100 German Copper Sheets S.S. Rauenfels.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the goods should be cleared away within 3 days on payment of the balance.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET.

SALE OF A VALUABLE OART, known as "Sonbhat Wady," at the village of Juvem, near Andheri, B. B. and C. I. Railway.

High Court.
O.O.C.J.
Suit No. 1022 of 1910.

Shivji Pacharia .....Plaintiff.
vs.
Balkrishna Harischandra and others .....Defendants.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, pursuant to the terms of the Consent Decree made in the above suit by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, and dated the 2nd day of February, 1912, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of June, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), at their Sale Rooms, No. 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that vacant piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being, at Juvem, near Bandra, in the District of Thana Taluka Salsetta of Khote Tenure and known as "Sonbhat Oart," containing by admeasurement 7 acres and 11 gunthas or thereabouts, bearing Survey No. 44 and Pot No. 1, assessment rupees one hundred and annas eight, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the public passage, on or towards the South by the oart of Laksman, on or towards the East by the oart of Madan Jagannath and on or towards the West by the oart of Norotamdas Morarji.

The village of Jusem is approached from Virle Parle, or Andheri Station on B. B. and C. I. Railway Line.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Kharas and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiff, at their Office Church Gate Building, 36, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

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AUCTION SALE

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY, AT 5 P.M.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT NISHANPADA ROAD OR BENGALEEPURA STREET OPPOSITE DOONGRI BAZAR AND NEW BENGALEEPURA OR OOMERKHADI.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
H. C. Suit No. 284 of 1914.

Gulamali Mahomed Sajan .....Plaintiff.
v/s.
Mahomed Cassum Dharamsey and others .....Defendants.

Under instruction from Mr. Jameromal Dattu, the Receiver appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the decree made in the above suit on the 4th day of November, 1914, we, M/s. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction the following properties on the following day, time, and place.

Properties at Nishanpada Road, or Bengaleepura Street opposite Doongri Street and New Bengaleepura, or Oomerkhadi THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, 1915, at 5 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises.

Particulars of Lot No. 2:—All that messuage tenement, or dwelling house standing on Fazendari ground belonging to Manekji Jeena, 23 feet in beadth and 75 feet in length situate at Bengaleepura Street, without the Fort of Bombay which said permises are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by the public street called Bengaleepura, on or towards the west by vacant ground of Shri Nathji Maharaj and on or towards the north by the range of the said Shri Nathji Maharaj and on or towards the south by the house of Shaikh Boodhur Tinner and is assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 30.

Particulars of lot No. 3:—All that messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing on Fazandari land, belonging to Manekji Jeena, situate lying and being without the Fort walls of Bombay, in New Bengaleepura or Oomerkhadi, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 29, containing by admeasurement in breadth 24ft. and in length 81 ft., be the same little more or less and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by Bengaleepura or Oomerkhadi, on or towards the west by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by a passage and the house of Khoja Mahomed Sajan, and on or towards the south by the passage and house of Gunpat Gowrojee.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, attorneys for the said Receiver at their office at old Agra Bank Buildings No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

MESSRS. BAILEY & CO.

NOTICE.

Messrs. BAILEY & Co., Auctioneers will commence their usual weekly sales on every THURSDAY, from THURSDAY, the 3rd inst., the first weekly sale of the 3rd inst., will take place this time on FRIDAY the 4th inst., on account of the (King's Birthday) day being a public holiday.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. BAILEY & Co., Auctionners will sell by public auction at their rooms in Lipton Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, the 4th inst., at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.), a quantity of furniture and other goods.

Furniture of a European gentleman such as writing tables, copying presses, cupboards, chairs, camp tables, meatsafes, bicycle, large mahoganized office table and iron and bedsteads, meatsafe, cupboards, electric table, fan, chest of drawers single and double almiras etc., etc.

By ordered the concerned:—
17 cases water colours, each case containing 112 packets of 1 lb. assorted water colours.
A lot of satsuma and other wares such as jars, vases, coros, bowls, teapots, etc., etc.
1 lot boot polish in tins about 40 dozs. for brown and black boots and harness etc.

BAILEY, & Co.,
Lipton Buildings,
Apollo Street, Fort.

Bombay, 2nd June, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO LET—Alfred Theatre, Calcutta, for a long period, and Empire Theatre, Bombay, on week days.

THE
Parsi Alfred Theatrical Co.
will perform at the
EMPIRE THEATRE, FORT,
To-night, Wednesday, at 9-30 (S. T.)
ASEER-I-HIRS
i.e. Sheridan's Pizarro (In Oriental Garb)
Matinee to-morrow, hursday, at 3-30 p.m. s.t.)
KHOON-I-NAHAQ
i.e. Shakespeare's Hamlet (In Oriental (Garb
To be followed by the Comic Pantomime.
A LOVER IN THE TUB.
Prices 2, 1-8, 1-4, 1 As. 12 & 6.

Telephone No. 286. C. P. KHATOW, Proprietor,

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

General Manager.....Mr. JAMES McGRATH.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES!!

MISS ADDIE LEIGH
MISS ADDIE LEIGH

Bombay's most popular vocalist in a new budget of songs, featuring her delightful songs at the Piano. Hear her beautiful **Swiss Yodelling Song.**

FRENCH GOVERNMENT WAR FILMS.

The first film shows the Historic Meeting between Lord Kitchener, M. Millerand, Gen. Joffre and Sir John French in Paris early in the War.

WIFFLES AS AN M. P.

Wiffles makes a tremendous effort to get into Parliament. Exceedingly funny.

ANOTHER CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!!

LEIGH & LEIGHTON
LEIGH & LEIGHTON

In a singing and dancing repertoire.

By special request "The Tango Maid" and several new items.

It may interest the many admirers of Mr. Clive Leighton to know that this is his last professional appearance. He will soon be off to play a sterner role in Khaki, somewhere in ? so roll up and give these popular players a hearty send-off.

PALACE OF VARIETIES

Last Night of Present Attractive and Present Programme
To-night! To-night!!
6-30 at the GAIETY.
EDWARDS THEATRE 10 p.m.
Farewell Appearance of
SISTERS CASTELLO
PEGGIE AND ROSIE
STEVE BUCKINGHAM
And the following cinema will be shown for the last time to-night.—
CAPTURE OF THE KAISER
IN HONOUR OF BELGIUM
DEFEAT OF THE CROWN PRINCE
TO-MORROW GALA NIGHT.
Entire change of Artistes and films.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

CHARNI ROAD.
To-night
THE STAIN
Drama in 6 parts.
A Study in Heredity; it Incorporates a powerful Gripping Story of the Evils arising from corrupt Political Practice & "Bossism".
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

NEW
ALEXANDRA CINEMA

Lohar Chawl.....'Phone 1882.....Princess St
To-night. To-night.
SECRET ZEPPELIN BOMB STORE IN ENGLAND
In Two Parts.
A film founded on the most Topical subject of the day.
IN THE SULTAN'S POWER
In Two Parts.
An Animal-Aeroplane feature, containing thrilling Aero Flights, Forest Bred Wild Animals and most exciting situations.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

WANTED.

WANTED—ACTIVE AGENTS for the AMRITSAR NATIONAL INSURANCE (AND BKG.) CO., LD., throughout the Island and Presidency of Bombay. Good prospects and other emoluments. For particulars apply to the undermentioned:—

Note.—The Company's schemes are best to suit the purse and convenience of all class of people. Persons intending to get their lives insured or to make provision for the education and marriage of their children need apply sharp to:—

K. ANANT RAM & BROS.,
Chief Agents,
17-19, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

Habitual constipation is very rebellious to treatment. The use of liver pills and other purgatives gives only temporary relief. Kasagra is pleasant and certain in action, and will cure. D 18

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 1.

Nearly general rain has fallen in Upper Burma, Assam and Benga; local in Lower Burma and Orissa.

The weather has been practically dry elsewhere.

The chief rainfall amounts are:—

Rangoon, Kyaukpyu and Myitkyina one and a half inches, Akyab and Tezpur one, Dhubri, Dinajpur and Jalpaiguri two, Chittagong, Saugor Island and Bogra one and a half, Narayanganj, Mymensingh and Purnea one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Bengal.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 1st June 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess; night temperature is also above normal at Multan and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual. Day temperature continues in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and clear elsewhere. Day temperature is in excess in upper Sind and Rajputana; night temperature is also above normal at Jaipur and Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in Central India West and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded in the north-eastern districts and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is generally in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Day temperature continues in excess.

General Remarks.—No rainfall of importance has been reported to-day.

A few thunderstorms may occur in Malabar and isolated duststorms in the Punjab and the west United Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 1st of June, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total since Nov. 1st.	Rainfall. Variation since Nov. 1st.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 31st May	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 31st May	99.8	86.5	24	..	4.48	0.73
PUNJAB—						
Multan	112.9	87.2	42	..	0	0.00
Rawalpindi	107.7	71.7	22	..	0	−0.03
Lahore	114.5	81.4	28	..	0	−0.01
Hissar	115.5	84.2	46	0.03	0.03	..
Ambala	111.7	81.1	34	..	0	0.00
Delhi	110.8	89.0	33	..	0	−0.01
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	113.7	87.3	25	..	0	0.00
Mainpuri	115.7	85.9	31	..	0	0.00
Jhansi	114.8	91.8	22	0.09	0.09	0.09
Cawnpore	113.0	88.1	34	..	0	−0.02
Allahabad	114.2	84.5	32	..	0	−0.00
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	122.7	84.8	48	..	0	0.00
Karachi	87.7	80.4	83	..	0	0.00
Ajmer	109.1	85.0	43	..	0	0.00
Jaipore	113.2	87.1	31	..	0	0.00
Kotah	114.2	92.6	32	..	0	−0.05
GUJRAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	99.6	79.4	70	..	0	0.00
Dwarka	88.1	81.5	79	..	0	0.00
Veraval	85.2	80.4	82	..	0	−0.01
Rajkot	106.6	78.8	51	..	0	0.00
Bhavnagar Para	110.4	79.6	90	..	0	0.00
Surat	94.3	81.7	69	..	0	−0.01
Ahmedabad	111.8	81.0	62	..	0	0.00
Deesa	109.8	78.8	61	..	0	0.00
Neemuch	105.4	79.2	54	..	0	0.05
Indore	107.2	76.1	59	..	0	0.05
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	109.8	85.9	32	..	9	0.00
Saugor	108.4	85.8	38	..	0	1.00
Hoshangabad	111.3	86.3	40	..	0	−0.02
Khandwa	108.4	81.6	56	..	0	−0.01
Akola	110.4	82.2	49	..	0	−0.07
Amraoti	111.8	84.3	42	..	0	−0.09
Nagpur	113.3	89.1	37	..	0	−0.13
Chanda	114.5	85.0	30	..	0	−0.06
Raipur	114.9	86.6	18	..	0	−0.06
KONKAN—						
Bombay	93.3	83.2	72	..	0	−0.15
Ratnagiri	91.3	83.3	69	..	0	−0.43
Mormugao	92.6	81.6	80	0.03	0.03	−0.52
Karwar	..	..	..	..	0	−0.72
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	111.4	76.4	54	..	0	−0.09
Ahmednagar	103.7	71.8	55	..	0	−0.09
Poona	98.4	74.7	63	..	0	−0.13
Sholapur	107.8	76.3	0	..	0	−0.10
Bijapur	102.6	73.3	59	..	0	−0.11
Belgaum	92.3	69.4	70	..	0	−0.19
Ahmedabad	106.8	74.3	61	..	0	−0.06
Nizamabad (Indur)	112.7	78.6	36	..	0	−0.03
Hyderabad	107.6	80.8	48	..	0	−0.09
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	91.6	81.2	89	0.07	0.07	−0.60
Calicut	90.8	81.1	82	..	0	−0.51
Cochin	91.3	80.5	78	..	0	−0.69
Colombo	89.0	81.5	87	..	0	−0.32
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	106.2	86.2	45	..	0	−0.08
Bellary	105.3	79.5	47	..	0	−0.08
Cuddapah	103.6	86.6	53	..	0	−0.10
Madras	105.6	84.2	54	..	0	−0.06
Bangalore	90.4	70.6	78	..	0	−0.19
Coimbatore	98.3	76.1	78	..	0	−0.05
Trichinopoly	108.0	80.0	65	..	0	−0.06
Negapatam	103.2	80.9	66	..	0	−0.04

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	High Water. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.	Low Water. Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still
	June	h. m.	ft. in	June	h. m.	ft. in
Tu.	1	m 1 16	27 0	m	7 14	14 8
W.	2	m 2 11a	29 6	1	m 8 24a	14 4
		m 2 10	26 8	m	8 8	15 1
Th.	3	m 2 58a	28 10	2	m 9 20a	18 8
		m 3 6	25 8	m	9 54	17 3
Fr.	4	m 3 47a	27 11	3	m 10 21a	18 5
		m 4 9	25 0	m	9 52	18 3
Sat	5	m 4 39a	26 11	4	m 11 27a	18 8
		m 5 22	24 7	m	11 6	19 11
Sun.	6	m 5 33a	26 1	5		
		m 6 40	24 6	m	0 27	18 5
Mo.	7	m 6 29a	25 5	6	m 0 20a	20 8
		m 7 59	24 11	m	1 18	18 2
		m 7 24a	25 0	7	m 1 32a	21 1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

June	Sunrise	Sunset.
,, 1 (Tuesday)	,, 6m 1m.	,, 7h. 12m
,, 2 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 12m
,, 3 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 13m
,, 4 (Friday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 13m
,, 5 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 14m
,, 6 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 14m
,, 7 (Monday)	,, 6h. 1m.	,, 7h. 14m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Full Moon 1915 May 29th. m 2.9m. p. m. Last Quarter 1915 June 4th. 10h. 2.1h p. m. New Moon 1915 June 13th. 0h. 27.3m. a. m. First Quarter 1915 June 20th. 7h. 54.3m. p. m.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 1.

City of Sparta	McKellar	Port Said
Dilwara	Phillips	Calcutta

DEPARTURES.

June 1.

Wimmac	Macdonald	Aroe Bay.
Porto-de-Savona	Taulongo	Genoa

The following vessels received port clearance yesterday:—

Steamer Merton Hall for Calcutta
,, Kisagata Maru for Kobe.

The following steamers entered the decks for loading.

Steamer Umballa for Calcutta
,, Jinsen Maru for Kobe

S. S. City of Birmingham:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Birmingham, outward bound, left Liverpool on the evening of the 27th instant.

S. S. City of London:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of London, outward bound, passed Suez on the 30th instant, and is due to arrive in Bombay on the afternoon of the 9th proximo.

S. S. Iyo Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Iyo Maru (homeward bound), arrived at Hongkong, on the 31st ultimo.

S. S. Inaho Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Inaho Maru left Colombo for Bombay on the 31st May, and due here on the 4th instant.

S. S. City of Sparta:—The steamer City of Sparta, 3,498 tons, Captain J. Mackellar, arrived here yesterday from Port Said having left that port on the 30th April last and called at Karachi, with a general cargo on board.

S. S. Dilwara:—The steamer Dilwara, 2,460 tons, Captain R. Phillips, arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, with general goods and coal on board.

S. S. Merton Hall:—The stamer Merton Hall, 2,773 tons, Captain W. Sullivan, will sail to-day for Calcutta, via Coconada, with a general cargo.

S. S. Kisagata Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Kisagata Maru, 1,619 tons, Captain K. Nakoda, will sail to-day for Kobe, and other ports, with a general cargo.

Tuesday, June 1st, 1915.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Chinkoa	Raddock	M. M. & Co
B. Clan Macalister	Taylor	J. Finlay & Co
C. & K. Java Maru	Uchigami	N. Y. Kaisha
F. Rajput		T. M. & Co
N Merchant Prince	Ord	D. Nanji & Sons
P. Egyptian Prince	McMillan	D. Nanji & Sons

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahadur	K. N. & Co
Mahamudi	K. N. & Co
Irawadi	K. N. & Co
Ponani	K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Nio Maru	Watanabe	N. Y. Kaisha
2	Umballa	Bushwell	M. M. & Co
3	Bombay Maru	Ota	N. Y. Kaisha
4	Capri	Alberto	Baldovino & Co
5	Bahrein	Bonnet	T. M. & Co
6	Jensen Maru	Tarada	N. Y. Kaisha
7	Etholwolf	Boyle	Ralli Bros.
8	Clan Ross	Clark	J. Finlay & Co
9	Castalia	Keleo	W. & A. G. & Co
12 & 13	Khosrou	Hannah	T. M. & Co
14	Lhasa	King	M. M. & Co
15	Ramzani	Cusack	T. M. & Co
16	Barpeta	Morgan	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1	Sardinia	Jeffrey	P. & O. S. N. Co
3	Jeddah	Lortus	T. M. & Co
5	Arabia	Palmer	P. & O. & Co
6	City of Sparta	McKellar	K. N. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baron Fairlie	McDonald	W. & A. G. & Co
Clan Lamont	Turton	J. Finlay & Co
Dilwara	Phillips	
Dwarka	Naples	M. M. & Co
Jehangir	Lewis	T. M. & Co.
Mercan Hall	Sullivan	K. N. & Co
Saima	Resmisan	F. F. Campbell & Co
Saint Patrick	May	

EXPORTS.

June 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia (s) 173 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 387 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co.; 25 bales wool, E. Mahomed; 17 bales wool, B. Hurbon; 15 bales wool, B. Chaitandas; 27 bales wool, D. Nagji; 75 bales wool, W. and A. Graham and Co.; 50 bales cotton waste, G. Veerji; 1 bale cotton, Ralli Brothers.

City of Sparta (s) 1,050 cwts. myrabolams, D. Velji; 4,500 cwts. wheat, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Sparta (s) 1,980 cwts. groundnuts, John Fachiri; 501 cwts. mustard seed, John Fachiri.

FOR LONDON.

Egyptian Prince (s) 450 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co.; 650 bales hemp, Turner Morrison and Co.; 2,000 cwts. linseed, Volkart Brothers; 125 bales savri cotton, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 7,320 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers.

Merchant Prince (s) 1 bale cotton waste, Tata, Sons and Co.; 18,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers.

Arabia (s) 575 cwts. goat skins, E. N. Stein; 2,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers; 15 bundles canes, K. Ida and Co.; 5,940 cwts. musoor, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Capri (s) 500 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GIBRALTAR (FOR ORDERS).

Etholwolf (s) 23,644 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bombay Maru (s) 2 cases cassia lingen, R. Jehangir; 63 cwts. sharkfins, E. Moledina; 13 cwts. fishmaws, E. Moledina.

Sardina (s) 1 case genda horns, M. H. E. Elias.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sardina (s) 350 bales cotton twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Kisagata Maru (s) 400 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

Java Maru (s) 626 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, H. Meghji and Co.

Nio Maru (s) 76 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Nio Maru (s) 626 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Java Maru (s) 63 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Saima from Bankok, Agents, F. F. Campbell & Co.:—503 pieces teak square, 65,187 pieces, 4,916 bundles teak scantling, 52 pieces kraback square, 84 pieces yang square.

S. S. Barpeta from Bushire, Agents, M. M. Co.:—8 tins gold coins, 14 tins pearls, 23 bundles specie, 6 bundles dollers, 1 case antiques, 1 case watches, 20 bags gum, 10 bags rasions, 12 bundles attarce, 179 carboys rose water, 318 bags, 598 boxes, 546 bundles dates, 1,058 bags sardines, 5 bundles cuttles, 116 bundles skins, 26 cases shells, 2 bales carpets, 185 bundles wool.

S. S. Jinsen Maru from Yokkaichi, Agents N. Y. Kaisha:—750 casks cement, 65 cases clocks, 7 cases camphor oil, 100 cases cassia, 5 cases cod liver oil, 129 bags arecca nuts, 192 cases camphor, 150 casks sulphate of copper, 50 cases medicine, 15 cases gambier, 46 cases porecisanware, 68 cases enamelaware, 940 bags rice, 20 cases gum benjamin, 100 cases pines, 134 cases glass bottles, 97 cases glass globes, 2 cases beer, 30 bars zinc, 9 cases perfumery, 150 casks pitch, 65 bags tapioca floor, 1 case biscuits, 426 cases sago floor, 215 cases milk, 5 cases peppermint oil, 10 cases pepperment crystal, 2 cases soap, 158 bags betelnuts, 4 cases mace, 1,000 robbins poonac, 3,167 bags suger, 1,414 cases tea, 5 bales raw cotton, 65 bags cotton goods, 19 cases cotton yarn, 9 cases silk goods, 159 cases silk yarn, 2,860 pieces planks, 170 bundles rattans, 4 cases umbrella handles.

However Sick Baby may be

do not give up hope—more often than not the cause is wrong feeding—if you will only get the right food for baby, you will soon have him on the road to health. A mother with a wasting baby should try Glaxo—it has done wonders for many such babies. Here is a case where Glaxo brought health to baby and comfort and peace to the mother. The mother writes: "I have pleasure in forwarding you the photo of our bairn taken at the age of 7 months. She weighed 8 lbs. at birth, and after three weeks only 6½ lbs. It was then, almost in despair, we tried Glaxo, and on that alone the child has thrived since. The likeness speaks for itself, the weight at 7 months being 19½ lbs., and the child is splendidly developed."

This is because Glaxo is not an artificial food; it is simply pure milk with extra cream and milk-sugar added. The Glaxo process causes the nourishing curd of the milk to form into light tiny particles, so that even a very delicate baby can easily digest Glaxo, and obtain all the nourishment from every drop he swallows.

Glaxo is a complete food, and is made ready for baby by simply adding hot water only—**do not add either milk or cream.** No cooking.

Ask your Doctor!

Glaxo

Awarded Gold Medal, International Medical Congress Exhibition, London, 1913.

"Builds Bonnie Babies"

Sold by all Chemists and Stores at Re. 1-2, Rs. 2-0 & Rs. 4-8.
Local Office, Taj Buildings, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

4883

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 1st June 1915, was 29.933 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparision at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 31st May, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr ...	29.741 inches.
Temperature of Air ...	87.7 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer ...	79.8 ,,
Dew Point ...	77.1 ,,
Relative humidity of Air ...	0.711 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10) ...	3.2 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air ...	93.3 ,,
Minimum do. do. ...	82.4 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight ...	W.WSW.
Movement of Wind ...	147 Miles.
Fall of Rain ...	0.00 inches.
Total fall during month ...	0.36 ,,
Do. do. year ...	1.41 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m of 1st ...	0.00 ,,

Weakness and loss of weight

Weakness and loss of weight are unfortunately far too common in tropical climates to need either description or explanation.

SCOTT'S Emulsion is the one strength-maker needed. It enriches the blood, tones up the nervous system, strengthens the lungs and promotes the physical fitness of robust health.

A course of SCOTT'S Emulsion repairs Nature's wear and tear and combats the devastating effects of life in tropical climates. Therefore, insist on genuine

SCOTT'S Emulsion

INSURANCE.

FIRE
LIFE
MARINE
TRANSIT
PERSONAL ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CARS

FOR PROSPECTUS AND RATES
Apply to
E. F. HALLIWELL,
General Insurance Agent.
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road,
Fort, BOMBAY.
Phone: 2352. Telegrams: "Baltic".

NOTICE.

The following Numbers have carried away the prizes and they will be given away on production of Tickets Nos. 607, 498, 289, 298, 96, 319, 220, 95, 796, 465, 352, 230, 508, 678 and 73.

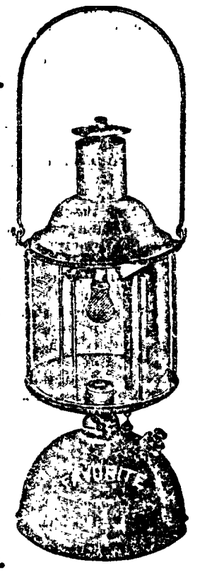
Further submitting to the request of our patrons we have decided to extend our Popular **Sale for 8 days more** only and it will positively be closed on the 9th inst. For the benefit of our kind customers we have decided to allow a **Special Discount of 6¼ %** on the Sale Price during this extended period.

HOSIERY & FANCY GOODS MART

No. 333, Hornby Road,
Opp. Cook's Building, Fort,
BOMBAY.

KILL TWO BIRDS IN ONE SHOT.
A Substitute for a Hurricane Lantern and a Table Lamp.
With 300 C. P. Burns 1 gallon Kerosine for 65 hours:
THE "FAVORITE"

Automatic Cleaning arrangement.
Portable.
Beautiful.
Attractive.
Brilliant.
Economical.
Storm Proof
No Smoke.
No Smell.
Simple throughout.
Reliable Construction.



Rs. 45 Net.

Adapted for use on Railway Stations by Municipalities, Railroad Men, at Street Carnivals, Summer Resorts, Fishing & Hunting Camps, Warehouses, Boat Landings, Roadways, etc.
An untrained servant can easily handle it.
No Complicated Mechanism.

POY BROTHERS,
KALBADEVI LAMP WAREHOUSE,
Bombay No. 2.

COMMERCIAL.

AMERICA AND THE WAR.

It is sometimes imagined, says the "Statist," that individual nations can gain economic advantage from a state of war, no matter how great be the economic injury caused by the war to the belligerents. An idea of this kind is commonly held at the present moment. People everywhere are saying that no matter how great may be the losses of the Powers engaged in war, the United States are deriving great advantage from the purchases of their goods by all the belligerent nations. This common idea is, however, a very fallacious one. It is true that the United States are not suffering economically, and will not suffer economically, to anything like the extent of the belligerents, and that they are deriving a certain amount of benefit from the sale of great quantities of goods to the belligerent nations. Nevertheless, enterprise in the United States since the war began has been practically dead, and it has been impossible to raise much new capital for any purpose. The railways have experienced a great deal of anxiety in providing the means of meeting their maturing short obligations, and have had to ignore new capital expenditures. House building over the whole country has been almost suspended, and no additions have been made to the manufacturing works and plants. Indeed, the great exports of the United States are due largely to the economy which the war has forced upon the American people and to the fact that during the past winter some 2,000,000 wage-earners have been unemployed. It is true that the economy of the American people in recent months has rendered unusual quantities of food and other goods available for export, and that these exports have enabled the United States to purchase back from Europe a large amount of securities, and, in addition, to lend considerable sums of capital to other nations, to Canada and Argentina, as well as to European Powers. But the compensation arising from these large exports of goods and purchase of foreign securities is a small one in comparison with the great disadvantages arising from the small expenditures of capital at home. Normally, by reason of the rapid accumulation of capital at Home and the importation of foreign capital, the wealth of the United States doubles in about 20 years, and the productive power of the country increases enearly 100 per cent. every decade. But if the present war is of long duration, and the existing conditions prevail for a considerable period, it is evident that the wealth of the United States will not again double in anything like 20 years, or its income expand 100 per cent. in 10 years; indeed, the growth of wealth and of income will be deplorably slow. Of course, the growth of wealth and of income will be much greater than it would have been if the nation were at war; but this is a very different statement of the situation from that which implies that the War in Europe is of advantage to American people. The economic effects of the War in Europe will inevitably be detrimental to American progress, and it is probable that the wealth and income of the country will grow more slowly than they have done since the Civil War. It cannot, indeed, be questioned that the War that is now being waged in Europe is a misfortune of unparalleled dimensions for all nations—both belligerent and non-belligerent—wherever situated.

No nation in the world has gained greater advantage from the absence of great wars than the American nation, which, in consequence of the ability of the European countries to provide it with capital for railway construction and for other purposes, has grown in wealth and in population with such wonderful rapidity from generation to generation—indeed, from decade to decade. And it is evident that the stoppage of the influx of foreign capital into the United States—indeed, the withdrawal of part of the foreign capital already invested in the country—must inevitably result in greatly reducing the nation's rate of progres. Therefore, those persons who imagine the United States will gain any advantage from the War are labouring under a mischievous delusion.

Although the War cannot fail to check the normal rate of expansion of wealth production and population in the United States in common with other countries it has revealed the solid economic condition of the country, and has completely disproved the notion which had wide currency in Europe that the economic strength of the United States was entirely due to the constant influx of capital from abroad. It is true that influx of capital accelerated the rate of progress, but the economic strength of the United States was due to the character of the American people and the almost boundless extent of the natural resources of the country. In the greatest political and economic crisis that has ever occured the United States have shown to the world that they can not only pay their way and meet the whole of their obligations to foreign nations for interest on the large amount of capital with which foreign countries have provided them, but that they can repay substantial sums of capital already borrowed when they are required to do so.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

London, May 31st.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	..	5,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		1,500
" Sales of East Indian	..	150
" Imports		43,000
Mid. Americans		5.14d.
Egyptian F. G. F.		7.50d.
New York 11 a.m. (as known in Liverpool at closing time)	July ..	Holiday
" "	Oct. ..	"
New York Official noon call	July ..	Holiday
" "	Oct. ..	"
New Orleans 10 a.m. ..	July ..	8.98
" "	Oct. ..	9.36

SALES AND IMPORTS.

Liverpool, May 31st.

Estimated Sales..	6,000
Total Imports	43,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
May-June	5.00	4.98
June-July	5.00	4.98
July-Aug.	5.11	5.09
Aug-Sept.	5.20	5.18
Oct.-Nov.	5.35	5.33
Jan.-Feb.	5.50	5.48
March-April.	5.57	5.55
May-June	5.64	5.62

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 31st.

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
May-June	5.00	5.00
June-July	5.00	4.98
July-Aug.	5.11	5.09
Aug.-Sept.	5.20	5.18
Oct.-Nov.	5.35	5.32
Jan.-Feb.	5.50	5.47
Mar.-April	5.57	5.54
May-June.	5.64	5.61

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, May 31st.

Good Bengal M. G.	3.80d
F. G. " "	3.95d
Fine " "	4.10d
Good Oomra "	4.30d
F. G. " "	4.45d
Fine " "	4.60d
Good M. G. Oomra	4.30d
Fine " "	4.60d
Good Broach	4.70d
F. G. "	4.85d
Fine "	5.00d

MONEY MARKET.

London, May 31st.

Bar Silver Spot	23 5/16

Closing Tone of silver:—Dull.

Discount, Bank of England Rate 5% since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. ..	2⅞
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. ..	3⅜
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4⅛
" " " " 6 " ..	4⅛
Interest day to day loans	1½
" 7 day market loans	1⅞

The sum of £175,000 has been earmarked.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS

WHEAT.

London, May 31st.

Bombay Club, No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-Ship, June-July sellers,	64/9
White Delhi, per 492lbs. C.I F. June-July sellers,	64/6
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F June-July sellers,	64/3
F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F June-July sellers	63/9
Wheat Afloat for United United Kingdom	2,535,000
Wheat Bombay white June-July sellers	65/9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Barletta Russo—Nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian—Nominal.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore 416lbs. 85% ex-Ship Nominal	
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-June; value	56
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship May-June sellers	51/6
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship May-June sellers	58
Rapeseed Toria June sellers	52/6

LINSEED.

Linseed, Argentine (La Plata) June-July sellers	54

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Hull. Value	£7-12-6

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£79½
Copper Braziers	£98
Yellow Metal ..	10¼
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
English best selected Copper	88½
Hard spelter,	57½
Iron Corrugated sheet 24 gauge G.O.B 4% F O.B. Liverpool,	£17 to £17½

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal nominal,	30

RUBBER.

Para Rubber May-June;	2/7½
Ceylon Rubber	2/4½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, June 1.

This morning the market was quiet at yesterday's rates but in the afternoon prices advanced Rs. 3-4 owing to purchases of new Broach in the bazaar, and prices continued fairly steady till Colaba when a sharp reaction set in and prices dropped about Rs. 5. Only a small business has been reported. We quote.—

Fine Broach, June 208
Fine Bengal, June 155
Fine Khamgaum Akola, July 181

QUOTATIONS FOR 1916.

Good Broach, April 232½
Fully Good Bengal, January 172/3
Fine Khamgaum Akola, January 204/5

MESSRS. PATEL BROS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M. G. Broach	—	—	233	Apr. 25'16
M. G. "	208	—	—	June 1915
M. G. Bengals (Ry. terms)	173	172	—	Jan. 25'16
M. G. "	155	—	—	June 1915
M. G. Bengals (Ry. terms	150	148	—	July "
M. G. Broach	216	—	—	Do.
M. G. Akola, Khgm.	205	—	—	Jan. 1916
M. G. Sind Punjab (Ry. terms)	—	—	—	—
M. G. Khandesh	—	—	—	—
M. G. Khandwa, Sanawad	—	—	—	—
M. G. Wardha, Hinganghat	—	—	—	—
M. G. Nagpore	—	—	—	—
M. G. Yeotmal	—	—	—	—
M. G. Dhamangaum, Pulgaon	—	—	—	—
M. G. Oomrawatee descriptions	—	—	—	—
M. G. Akola, Khgm., Fair Staple	180	—	—	June 1915
M. G.	181/2	—	—	July 1915
Saw Ginned Dharwar	—	—	211	Do.
M. G. Westerns	—	—	188	Do.
M. G. Westerns	—	—	195	Do.
M. G. Miraj	—	—	212	Do.
M. G. Compts.	—	—	212	Do.

H. G. Bhagalkote	—
H. G. Bijapur	—

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—

T. T. Ready	1s. 3 27-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 3 7-8d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 3 7-8d. July

Banks' Buying Rates:—

Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s 4 3-32d.
Do. do. Forward	1s. 4 1/8d. July
Do. 4 Months ready	1s. 4 5-32d.
Francs 3 m-s do.	175¾ nominal.
60 d-s Hong Kong	133
Do. Shanghai	170½
60 d-s Yokohama	150¼

BULLION.

English Bar Gold	24-10-0
Australian do	24-5-0
Bombay do.	24-4-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-10-0
English Dragons	15-0-9
Silver ex-duty Ready	60-2-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.)

Bombay, June 2.

The Cotton Mill Share Market ruled weak to-day and an appreciable drop was recorded in certain shares. Tata Iron and Steel shares also presented a weak tone.

In Mill shares for June delivery Davids stood firm at Rs. 545.

Fazulbhai declined to Rs. 410, Standards to Rs. 972½, Madhavji to Rs. 1,150. Finlays to Rs 267½ and Currimbhai to Rs. 172½.

Centrals were placed at Rs. 1,850 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,460.

Bank of Bombay shares were quoted at Rs. 1,635.

Tapti Valley Ry. shares were quoted at Rs. 565, Sind Light Ry. at Rs. 176 and Upper Sind Light Ry. shares at Rs. 120.

Mandra Bhons declined to Rs. 48½.

Bombay Electric Tramways Ordinary shares stood firm at Rs. 219.

Bombay Burma Trading shares changed hands to Rs. 917½.

Alcock and Ashdown shares were placed at Rs 221.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares dropped to Rs. 102 and Deferred closed at Rs. 189.

Bombay Electric Tramways Preference shares were quoted at Rs. 171½.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent G. P. Notes was done at Rs. 93 5/8.

4 per cent Port Trust Bonds changed hands at Rs. 100¼.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 1.

The feature of yesterday's Share Market was a strong inquiry for tea shares when it became known that to-morrow's tea sale is likely to open with higher prices. There was a rush to purchase the shares and very full rates were paid. Prices rapidly rose with buyers freely following the advance. Coal shares and Jute mill shares were comparatively neglected. Coals ruled steady but jutes decined in the absence of buyers.

The following sales took place:—

Coal,—Bengal 800, Bhalgora 22/12; Ghusick 13, Imperial 7/12, 8; Raneegunge 24; Singaran 4/6, Teetulmuri 11/12, 12.

Jute,—Barnagore 85, 84; Belvedere (ord) 137, 136; Delta (ord) 183/8, 184/8; Empire (ord) 13/4, 13/8; Fort William (ord) 67, 62; Howrah (ord) 141; Kamarhatty (ord) 164, 165; Kanknarrah (ord) 285, 286; Reliance (prefs) 102.

Tea—Amluckie 81, 82; Atal 21, 22/8; Bishnauth 30, 30/4; Central Cachar 105, 106, 107; Durrang 51; Eastern Cachar 129, 130, 131; East India 103, 104, 105, 106, 107; Kalimugger and Khereal 114, 115; Kalacherra 123, 124; Karnafuli 102; Kurseong and Darjeeling 51, 52; North Western Chaher 195, New Chamta 135; Phoenix 69, 70, 71; Singell 69, 70.

Miscellaneous—Allahabad Bank (ord) 300; Chowringhee properties 102/8; Dunbar cotton prefs 42, 43.

Government paper, three and a half per

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

A Meeting of the shareholders of the Bombay Life Assurance Co., Ld., was held on the 1st instant at 4.30 p.m. at the Company's office in Apollo Street. In the unavoidable absence of the Chairman, the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas,, C.I.E., J.P. Mr. Framroze Rustomji Joshi the Managing Director, was called to the Chair. In addressing the meeting said.

"When we last met, we were passing through a period of considerable anxiety and general diffidence in the Mercantile world owing to the bank failures and the consequent slackness of business, but we little thought that within a few months of that Meeting, the troubles then existing would be far eclipsed by the happening of the great event—which has been the cause of so much bloodshed and misery—I mean the present European war.

"Referring now to the facts and figures submitted to you, you must have noticed that while there is a slight decrease in the new business during the year, the premium income was more than maintained, and that there was a fairly good decrease in the management expenses and the number of claims by death, with the result that your Directors have been able to show an increase in Life Assurance Fund of Rs. 54,287-7-3 as against Rs. 21,972-0-2 during 1913.

"Another favourable point which I may be allowed to bring to your notice is that while other similar companies have been called upon to meet heavy war claims, our Company has but few Military policyholders who have proceeded to the front, and the only war claim till now intimated to us is by the sad death of Lieut.-Col. Raghbir Singh son of Sardar Bahadur Major-General Nihal Singh attached to the 2nd Kasmir Rifles, Jammu and Kasmir states.

"Without detaining you any longer; I think on the whole, we may be satisfied with the result of the work during such an abnormal year. As to the future a great deal depends upon the duration of the war, and specially upon our shareholders and policyholders, without whose co-operation and support, the progress of your Company would naturally be slow and interrupted. I have therefore to again urge upon you and the absent shareholders to take a more active and keen interest in your concern by introducing likely insurers, as also by insuring yourselves and your relatives in our Company; and this done, I am sure your Directors will be able to show a more satisfactory result of the working of your Company in future."

With these remarks I beg to propose that the Directors' report and audited accounts for the year ending 31st December 1914, be adopted. This on being seconded was carried unanimously.

A few minor resolutions having been proposed and passed a vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India Ld. for the day ending 31st May 1915.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed Rs. 30 lacs.	
" Paid up	15,00,000
Reserve Funds	1,00,000
Fixed Deposits	28,35,000
Current Deposits and other sums due by the Bank	28,72,000
Sundries	1,35,000
	74,42,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities	22,60,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	22,63,000
Local Bills Discounted	2,17,000
Office Furniture & Fittings	25,000
Sundries	60,000
Cash in hand and Investments in Government Paper, Port Trust, Improvement Trust, Municipal Bonds, etc.	26,17,000
	74,42,000

TARAKESWAR RAILWAY COLLISION.

STATION MASTER FINED RS. 100.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 1.

Mr. T. Clough, I.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer of Serampore, has just concluded the hearing of the Tarakeswar collision case, in which Haridas Bannerji, Station Master of Tarakeswar, and pointsman Jamadar Malik Ram, were charged with endangering public safety by a breach of the general railway rules and traffic working orders.

The Magistrate in the course of his judgment said that on 28th February last at about 2 p.m. 63 up-train of Tarakeswar instead of running straight along the platform of the Tarakeswar station ran into the goods shed line, owing to the fact that points No. 3 were set for that line. The 63 up had a load of passengers on board and collided with some waggons in the goods shed line. The station was somewhat damaged as a result and several passengers in the train received slight injuries. Points No. 3 were facing points to the incoming train and within the Tarakeswar staton area and they were permanently locked and unlocked points. The Magistrate held that both the accused were responsible for the collision and convicted both. The Station Master was fined one hundred rupees and the Jemadar was detained in the court till its rising, as he had already been in "hajut" for over a month.

Take Sanatogen—it's sure to give you Better Health, Strength and Nerve-power.

IF you are in need of a tonic—as most people are during this trying season of the year—nothing will do you so much good as a "course" of Sanatogen.

Whether you are only a little run down, or anæmic, or weakened by illness, or suffering from some definite disorder of nerves, digestion or nutrition—there is no doubt that a "course" of Sanatogen will be of real and lasting benefit to you.

Start that "course" to-day. You won't have to wait long to feel the good of it. Never mind if you are a little sceptical now. Only give Sanatogen a fair trial, and you will soon be convinced, enthusiastic!

"Sceptical as I was," writes Sir William Bull, M.P., "I am bound to say that Sanatogen performs what it promises to do; it has a wonderfully restorative effect."

"Since I took my first cup of Sanatogen," writes Mr. Horace Hazeltine, the well-known novelist, "there has been a day-by-day gain in activity and energy."

Such statements—typical of thousands of others—cannot fail to impress even a prejudiced reader. For they were sent voluntarily by shrewd men of the world—men of high character and position—not at all the sort of people to be carried away by facile enthusiasms, or to be deceived by illusory sensations of benefit.

Will you do as they did? Will you, in fairness to your own health, give Sanatogen a thorough trial? All Chemists and Bazaars sell it, and a full course will cost you only a few annas a day—not a "speculation," but a sound "investment," yielding you as guaranteed dividends "a wonderfully restorative effect" and "a day-by-day gain in activity and energy." And there is no risk, mind—Sanatogen cannot hurt you in any way, and cannot fail to do you good. Moreover, Sanatogen will greatly increase the germ-destroying powers of your blood and thus help you to resist Malaria, Typhoid, Cholera, Dysentery, etc. Take the first step *now*—there's no time like the present.

For Men

Sir H. HESKETH BELL, K.C.M.G.,

writes: "For a man doing hard mental work in an enervating tropical climate, there is no better invigorator than Sanatogen."

Mr. ARNOLD BENNETT,

the leading Novelist and Playwright (Author of "The Old Wives' Tale," "Milestones," etc.), writes: "The tonic effect of Sanatogen on me is simply wonderful."

For Children

Dr. P——, Varthoor, Bangalore,

writes: "I selected a case (a boy of 11 years old) who was very anæmic, averse to any sort of food from want of appetite, morose, of a languid disposition, loathful to play and study; he also suffered from a severe chest pain, which it was feared would culminate in that dreadful malady, Angina Pectoris. He had only taken Sanatogen for three days when the child was found to be cheerful, active, and the appetite returning. He relished his usual food, and the best results being that he has had no more chest pains for the last two months."

For Women

LADY MUIR

writes: "Since taking Sanatogen I am really better—a brighter, stronger tone altogether."

Mrs. KENSINGTON,

wife of the Hon. Mr. Justice Kensington, Lahore, writes: "Both I and Mr. Kensington have tried Sanatogen in the great heat of Lahore, where it is specially trying, and we have both found it a wonderful reviver and tonic. It is also the best thing for digestive troubles that I have come across."

FREE BOOKLET.

If you post this coupon, it will bring you, free, a remarkably interesting book entitled "How to Keep Well in Tropical Climates."

This book fully explains the constituents and uses of Sanatogen.

A. WULFING & CO.,
BOX 226, G.P.O.,
BOMBAY.

Please send me the above.

Name.....

Address.....

S. 24/223. .....

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Palace of Varieties, To-night at 6-30 at the Gaiety, 10 p.m. show at Edwardes Theatre "Farewell Performance of "Sisters Castello and Steve Buckingham."

Bombay Insolvency Court: Special Vacation Sitting, 11-30 a.m.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 3.

H. M. the King-Emperor's Birthday.

Lecture on "Common talk with the students" by Prof. P. K. Telang, M.A., LL.B., Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, 6-15 p.m.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4.

P and O. Co.'s s.s. Salsette with English Mails due at [illegible]

MONDAY, JUNE 7.

Matriculation Examination Results.

TUESDAY, JUNE 8.

Khandesh Spg. and Wg. Mills Ltd. Ordinary General Meeting, Royal Buildings, 3-30 p.m.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Royal Opera House, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

MARRIAGES.

BURY—GAYLORD—On the 1st June at the Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba, Bombay, by the Rev. W. M. Wormold, James Bury, second son of Mr. Henry Bury of Manchester to Gladys Gaylord, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gaylord of Colorado U. S. A.

HAGGARD—HAGGARD—On the 21st April, 1915, at St. Luke's, Chelsea, Daniel Amyand, 2nd Lieut., 9th (S.) Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders (Pioneers), son of Alfred Hinuber Haggard, late I.C.S., to Phoebe, eldest daughter of the late Jonn G. Haggard, R. N. and of H. B. M.'s Consular Service.

BIRTH.

REID—On the 27th April, 1915, at 3, Regent's Court, Park Road, N W., the wife of R. N. Reid, I.C.S., of a daugther.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

BLAIR—At Boulogne, on the 14th May, of wounds received in action, Major W. K. Blair, R. F. A. Deeply regretted.

RENNICK—Killed in action in France, on the 26th April, Lt.-Col. F. Rennick, 40th Pathans, Deeply regretted by his brother officers.

DEATHS.

BEATTY—On 25th May, at Gulzarbagh, Patna, after a short painful illness, D. C. Beatty, youngest son of the late R. N. Beatty, Esq. P. W. Secretariate. Deeply regretted.

WINTER—At Allahabad, U.P., India, on the 25th May, Lillie Winter, dearly beloved wife of Lt.-Col. H. E. Winter, R. A. M. C.

COPELAND—Killed in action in France on the 25th April, 1915, William Alan, Lieut., Royal Scots, only son and child of Major F. Copeland, 69th Punjabis, aged 18 years and 6 months.

GRANT—On the 23rd April, 1915, at 36, Portchester Road, Bournemouth, Lily Anne (*nee* Henry), the dearly loved wife of Major Ian Hope Grant, late Indian Army.

LAMBERT—On the 23rd April, 1915, at Teignmouth House, St. George's Road, Worthing, Emily Theophila, youngest daughter of the late Mr. William Lambert, Bengal Civil Service, of Woodmansterne, Surrey, aged 78.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Nawabzada Mir Mashud Alamkhan tenders, on behalf of himself and his family his sincere and best thanks for the numerous messages and letters of condolence received by them from friends, relations and others on the death of his dear grandmother Janab Ziaulnisha Ladli Begum Saheba, the granddaughter of the last ruling Nawab Saheb of Surat, who expired on Thursday the 27th instant, and expresses the hope that as he is unable to reply to all individually in his present hour of grief they will oblige him and his family by kindly accepting this public expression of gratitude for the kindness shown.

Nawab's Palace,
Surat, 30-5-15.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

Corps Orders By Major J. W. Hawes, V. D., Commanding, B. V. A.

644—Promotions: Officers. Extract from General Department No. 4194 dated Bombay Castle, 21st May, 1915.
Major John Wicks Molyneux Hawes, V. D., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice A. Hill Trevor employed under the War Office. Dated 11th August, 1914.
Captain Eric Tom Lambert to be Major, vice J. W. M. Hawes, V. D., promoted. Dated 11th August 1914.
Lieutenant Percy Hamilton Retallack to be Captain, vice E. T. Lambert, promoted. Dated 11th August, 1914.
Second-Lt. Frank Woodman Wilson to be Lieutenant, vice P. H. Retallack, promoted. Dated 11th August, 1914.

665—Enrolments. The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps from the dates stated against their names:—E. E. Company, No. 222 Sapper Smith D. C. from 28-5-15 and No. 223 Sapper Cockburn J. A. from 31-5-15.

666—Transfers. The undermentioned men are transferred as follows with effect from 1st instant:—No. 1489 Gr. Saxty R. from A. Sub-Section No. 2 Company to C. Sub-Section No. 1 Coy., and No.1601 Gr. Miall E. W. from D. Sub-Section No. 2 Company to C. Sub-Section No. 1 Company.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C. I. E., Commanding.

June 2.

Thursdays—The parade for "G" Coy is cancelled on account of His Majesty, the King Emperor's Birthday.
N. C. Officers of "A", "C", "E" and "F" Coys at Headquarters at 6 p.m.
Fridays—N. C. Officers of "B" Company at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m.
"G" Company Recruits at Headquarters at 7-30 a.m.
"C" and "F" Company's Recruits, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m. until further orders.

151 Adjutant's Office—The Adjutant's Office will be closed on Thursday the 3rd instant on account of His Majesty, the King Emperor's Birthday.

182 Leave—In accordance with Divisional Area Order No. 420 dated 28th May 1915, Captain (Hon. Major) A. R. Sharp, is granted 4 months leave out of India.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lt-Colonel T. W. Benner, V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March—Old Comrades	Teike
Overture—Poet and Peasant	Suppe
Valse—Columbine	Gardener
Selection—The Bohemian Girl	Balfe
Serenade—In this hour of softened splendour	Pinsuti
Selection—The Dancing Mistress	Monckton
Two Step—The K-nuts	Finck

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. & O. s.s. Morea which connected with the s.s. Salsette which left Bombay on the 8th ultimo arrived in London on Monday the 31st ultimo. All well.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Owing to interruptions to telegraphic communication between India and Burma the booking of telegrams classed ordinary for Burma has had to be suspended until further notice.

LOVELY CIRCLE.

Under the auspices of the Lovely Circle Prof. Pandharinath K. Telang, M.A., LL.B., will deliver the opening address of this Session on "Common talk with the Students" at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), on Thursday next in the Prarthana Mandir.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Thursday, the 3rd June 1915 will be a public holiday in celebration of His Majesty the King Emperor's Birthday. On that day all Post Offices and the Telegraph Branches of combined offices will observe the same working hours as on Sundays.

The latest day for posting registered letters and parcels for the Persian Gulf Mail will be Wednesday, the 2nd June 1915.

FIRST AID AND NURSING BROTHERHOOD

The annual Sports, Prize Distribution, and Social Gathering of the First Aid and Nursing Brotherhood, will take place next Sunday, at the Abless Baug, Churni Road, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when Surgeon-Lieutenant W. Nunan, M.D.J.P., Corps Superintendent, St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, will preside. Mrs Nunan has kindly consented to distribute the prizes.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Two attacks and two deaths from plague and five attacks and two deaths from smallpox occurred in Bombay on Monday, the plague attacks being reported from Middle and Lower Colaba and Chukla. There were no cholera cases. The total mortality from all causes was 69, as compared with 84 on the corresponding day of 1914 and 105 of 1913. The total number of rats caught was 1443, out of which 27 were found to be plague stricken. A Ward contributed 1 of these latter, B Ward 17, C Ward 6 and E Ward 3, while the D, F and G Wards did not contribute any.

MARRIAGE OF MISS GAYLORD.

With the close of the "Roshanara" season at the Royal Opera House on Saturday, Miss Gladys Gaylord gave her last professional appearance in India. The Afghan Memorial Church at Colaba yesterday was the scene of a quiet wedding when Mr. James Bury, the genial controller in India of the many interests of Mr. Maurice Bandmann led Miss Gaylord to the altar: in the absence of any relations of the latter, the ceremony was a quiet one, a few only being invited, but among those present were Miss Roshanara and a group of friends and Miss Marjorie Lowther. The reception took place at the residence of Mrs. W. E. Davies, Waterloo Mansions, after which the happy couple proceeded to Matheran to spend their honeymoon.

REPORTED THEFTS.

Regchand Bridichand, a Moonim in firm of Amulackchand Bhurch, Princess Street, has informed the police of theft of Rs. 14,535 in Currency Notes from a safe in his pedi.

The informant stated that on Sunday last he closed his pedi, and when he returned on Monday he found the doors of his pedi open, and the keys of the safe hanging in the lock of the safe. On opening the safe he found that Currency Notes of the value of Rs. 14,535 were missing.

Another theft was reported to the Police by L. C. De Souza residing at Chandanwadi. He stated that his house on the second floor was entered into and sovereigns and ornaments of the aggregate value of Rs. 541 were stolen.

A BACK BAY ADVENTURE.

Four adventurous Parsi youths a few evenings ago decided to pass an hour in a row in Back Bay. Their choice fell on an apparently abandoned "tony" found floating near Messrs. Golwalla's Swimming Baths. The young men paddled along quite safely for a time till they reached a distance of some hundred yards from the shore, when the unexpected happened and the "tony" turned turtle. The occupants were pitched into the sea. Fortunately two of the four were strong swimmers and proceeded to tow the boat back to the shore while the other two sat astride the keel. Two young Territorials who witnessed the incident held themselves in readiness in case of emergency but fortunately their services were not required. As luck had it the tide was coming in at the time otherwise this amusing little incident might have ended fatally. The experience of these four young men should be a warning to others. The weather is squally and the tides extremely treacherous at this time of the year and several accidents with fatal results have been recorded in previous years.

DEATH BY STRANGULATION.

The dead body of a Mahomedan was found lying in a gully opposite the Sir J. J. Hospital, on Monday. Inspector Stanson and Deputy-inspector Histed appeared on the scene. On examining the body they found two blue marks running round the neck, just over the throat, one beneath the other. They intimated that two pieces of string were tied round the neck of the deceased. There were also some marks on the back showing that the accused had been dragged from a distance.

The body of the deceased was transmitted to the morgue, where on the identification of the Warder of the Oomerkhari Prison and an ex-convict, the deceased was recognised as a Mohamedan, named Abdul Gani Ali Mahomed aged about thirty, and a native of Rajkot. He was an ex-convict, discharged in the last week from the jail.

Mr. E. T. Lambert, the coroner, held an enquiry at the Morgue, where Dr. Arthur Powell, Police Surgeon, gave evidence to the effect that there was a mark round the neck, and there were signs of strangulation internally. He expressed his opinion that death was caused by strangulation.

Further enquiries of the case were adjourned.

LEIGH AND LEIGHTON.

Leigh and Leighton have proved one of the most popular turns seen at the Excelsior for some time past. They are now giving their farewell performances. To-night there will be a change of programme. Miss Leigh will repeat her Swiss yodelling and the pair will dance the Tango again by special request.

CO-OPERATIVE HOUSING SOCIETIES.

PAPER ON THE NEEDS OF HINDUS.

The Bombay Co-operative Housing Association recently appointed a special Committee to enquire into the housing needs of the poorer classes of the Hindus. In this connection Rao Saheb S. T. Talmaki read a paper yesterday evening in the rooms of the Bombay City Improvement Trust, discussing the possibilities of starting co-operative housing societies among Hindus. The Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr, presided.

In the course of his paper, Mr. Talmaki referred to the effect of the rise in rents on classes of persons with a fixed income, among whom were the members of the clerical profession who had been hit hard. Mr. Talmaki observed that their grievances were the more bitter by reason of the fact, that while suffering with others by the rise in prices of all necessaries of life, as well as in rents, they had not the counterbalancing advantage in the rise of their earnings.

A HOUSING ASSOCIATION.

Though wages of all kind of manual labour had risen to a large extent, the wages of the clerks had on the contrary depreciated more and more owing to competition. Then again, the females belonging to the labouring classes contributed more or less to the family, earnings, while those belonging to the clerical class had to engage servants to carry out many domestic duties. In order to relieve this class. Mr. Talmaki proposed building houses on the co-operative basis. This would relieve the overcrowding in the old localities, where the rents would go down as soon the major portion of the population moved out into the houses built by the Co-operative Association. In order to induce the members of the clerical profession to take an interest in this movement, it was proposed to commence a propaganda among them.

The paper also discussed the question of providing houses on similar lines to artisans, shop-keepers, mill-hands, peons, and labourers.

Mr. ORR'S SUGGESTIONS.

A discussion followed the reading of the paper, when Mr. Orr suggested that the propaganda should be carried on by means of printed leafets which should be sent to all large employers of clerical labour with a view to its being distributed among their men.

Mr. Orr did not think that high rents were due to congestion. The higher the building ran, he said, it was possible to spread them out, so that more open space could be made available. In England he thought it was usual on co-operations to insist on an open space of 40 feet, between two rows of building of 40 feet in height. Mr. Orr thought that what was necessary in India was to educate the people to live in larger houses, and persuade them, to that it was in the long run worth while to pay more rent.

CHEMICAL ANALYSER'S REPORT.

The Chemical Analyser to the Government of Bombay has submitted his Annual Report of the analyses carried out in his department in 1914. During the year 343 cases of human poisoning and 112 cases of cattle poisoning, came under his investigation. Poison was detected in 130 (or 37.9 per cent) of the former cases and in 47 of the latter cases. In thirteen of the cattle poisoning cases, the poison used was that of the seeds of yellow oleander, arsenic being used in the remaining cases. The Department was also engaged during the year in investigating the nature of the blood and other stains connected with criminal cases. Analysis was also made of samples of alcoholic and other spirits, opium, salt, explosives etc., sent by the Customs and Abkari departments. In Sind 12 cases of human poisoning were analysed, but no cases of cattle poisoning came under the notice of the Chemical Analyser for Sind.

BOMBAY MAHOMEDANS AND THE ALL INDIA LEAGUE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The letter of Khoja Mahomad Dewjee in your valuable issue of yesterday is an important one for Mahomedans. I agree with him as far as he says that every patriotic Musalman will learn with regret that the intended gathering of the All-India Muslim League in this city is likely to be abandoned, although it would be in the fitness of things if the Muslim Political Association were to meet in this City, when the great Indian National Congress meets here, because, it appears that certain persons have started a rumour that the Government disapproves of the meeting of the League. But this rumour is entirely false. I also agree with him that the Congress and the League should join hands in this city and that Musalmans, should unite and invite the All-India Muslim League to Bombay this year. As far as I am aware already a representation to the effect signed by respectable people of this city is about to be forwarded; whilst at the same time another representation not to hold the meeting is also being prepared. It is therefore necessary that the names of some of the foremost signatories to the request of holding the gathering in Bombay as well as the names of those opposing it should be made public in order to give the Mahomedan public an idea as to how the matter stnds. I am sure such a publication will have a very good-effect on all concerned.

While agreeing with the object of Khoja Mahomed Dewjee I must strongly protest against the following statements which he has made in his letter presumably to strengthen his cause, namely:—

(1) Sir Fazulbhoy and Hon. Mr. F. Chinoy are recognised and revered leaders of Shias and Sunis alike.

(2) Government have selected them as its confidential advisers and Councillors during the crisis. They succeeded in keeping down the excitement and thus justified their trust.

(3) These trusted leaders of the people and Councillors of the Government, who so well controlled the Mussalman masees during the most critical period of the war, etc.

I object to the first statement because it is likely erroneously to impress upon the Government and the public that these gentlemen are really "the revered leaders of all the vast Shias and Sunis" which I submit is not a fact. Every leading Mahomedan community has its Mosque and has its leaders selected by themselves to control the affairs of their communities and whom the members of the communities look upon as their leaders and whose advise they follow.

It is regrettable that we find the members of the Khoja Ismaili Imami (comparatively very small sect) are often being put forward as leaders of the vast Shia and Suni Mahomedans in this Presidency, and, therefore, in justice to the different great communities of Mahomedans, it would, I think, be very good and proper if the Government, as well as the leaders of the All-India Muslim League, will kindly (if they have not already done) put on their official records the different leading communities of Shias and Sunis and through the Police Commissioner or the Anjuman-i-Islam get the names of the leaders of those communities. But it must be borne in mind that the leaders of the communities should be those who are selected by their respective communities and not those who put themselves up as such.

I object to the second statement for the fact, (besides the reasons stated above) that, as far as I know, Government had no such special advisers and councillors up to now during this crisis and there has been no such need felt and I hope none will be left at all. Government have been showing all due regard for the Moslem feelings and likewise Moslems are also doing their duty well. This passage is likely to create an impression that these gentlemen are doing something and that they are thus of special importance at present which is not right.

My objection to the third statement is very strong for Mr. Dewjee's words imply nothing, but that there was something like a serious excitement amongst the Moslems which I submit is a slur on the Moslems. In order to increase the importance of some, at such a cost is nothing less than a great crime. I ask the writer to mention one instance when anyone was required to control a mass of Moslems during this war crisis. The least that I can say is, it is a folly and nothing else to indulge in such writings.

Mahomedans know their duty and I assure him such leaders of all Mahomedans will never be of much use, even if,—God forbid,—there is the least excitement. The best men to look to will be the leaders of different communities who are the persons whom they themselves have selected to lead them. Need I write that these selected leaders have been and will be always doing their right duty and it is their efforts (which unfortunately, having been kept in darkness, are not known to the Government) that have kept the mass to stick to their duty. Getting in to the Council or Corporation is not getting the leadership of the community. It is a well-known fact how much friends and fortune contribute towards such attainments than real merit. University qualification is also essential for a successful representation on the Council yet we have not been fortunate to return such qualified representatives on the Legislative Councils excepting Mr. Jinnah.—Yours, etc.,

X. Y. Z.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

FAREWELL OF LEIGH AND LEIGHTON.

For the last three nights of their stay in Bombay, Leigh and Leighton are presenting a new programme. Miss Leigh is singing a pretty Swiss song at the piano, and in the dual turn "The Tango Maid," the delightful Tango which was presented during the first week of this talented couple in Bombay, is included. It is satisfactory to learn that Leigh and Leighton are now drawing even better houses than during their opening week, and it is hoped that they will receive a cordial send-off, more especially as this is to be Mr. Clive Leighton's last professional appearance, at least for some time. Mr. Leighton is giving up the stage for khaki temporarily. He comes of a fighting family, having one brother in the Navy at present in the Dardanelles and another in France, and he has not been able to resist the call of his country.

Cabled advices just received in India state that Bombay is to receive a visit from the famous D'Oyley Carte Company, which will appear at the Excelsior, probably in the cold weather. The Bandmann Comedy Sketch Company opens at the Excelsior on June 12.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

Both the Sisters Castello and Mr. Steve Buckingham, who have for some time past been appearing at the Gaiety, will appear for the last time to-night at 6-30 at the Gaiety and at the 10 o'clock show at Edwards Theatre, when the present exclusive films, viz., "Capture of the Kaiser," "Defeat of the Crown Prince's Army" and "In Honour of Belgium" will be shown for the last time. Those who have not seen the present programme at the Palace should not fail to pay a visit to-night either at the Gaiety or Edwards Theatre The management announce a Gala night and entire change of artistes and films for to-morrow.

MAHOMEDAN CRICKET CLUB.

FIXTURES 1915.

June 5, G. I. P. Athletic Club.
June 6, Chitrapur C. C.
June 13, Commercial Gymkhana.
June 19, St. Xavier's College Gymkhana.
June 20, Gujarati Union C. C.
June 26, Young Zoroastrian C. C.
June 27, Saraswat Union C. C.
July 3, Parel Gymkhana.
July 4, Instituto Luso-Indiano C. C.
July 10, Wilson College Gymkhana.
July 11, Lusitanian Sporting Club.
July 17, G. I. P. Athletic Club.
July 18, Jolly C. C.
July 23, Poona Gymkhana.
July 24, Poona Gymkhana.
July 25, Poona Parsee Gymkhana.
July 31, Times of India C. C.
August 7, Parsee Gymkhana.
August 8, Commercial Gymkhana.
August 14, Grant Med: Coll: Gymkhana.
August 15, Friends Union C. C.
August 21, Elphinstone College Gymkhana.
August 22, Islam Gymkhana.
August 28, Elphinstone C. C.
August 29, P. J. Hindu Gymkhana.
September 2, Y. M. C. A. Cricket Club.
September 4, New Hindu C. C.
September 5, Saraswat Union C. C.
September 18, Municipal C. C.
September 19, New Shivajee C. C.
September 25, Bombay Gymkhana.
September 26, Friends Union C. C.

FRIEND'S UNION CRICKET CLUB.

FIXTURES 1915.

June 6, Commercial Gymkhana.
June 20, Gaud Saraswat C. Club.
June 25, Poona Gymkhana.
June 26, Poona Gymkhana.
June 27, P. Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana.
July 4, New Hindu C. Club.
July 10, Elphinstone C. Club.
July 11, Hindu Gymkhana.
July 18, Fort Vijaya Cricket Club.
July 24, Young Zoroastrian C. Club.
July 25, Islam Gymkhana.
August 1, Hindu Gymkhana.
August 8, Jolly Cricket Club.
August 13, G. I. P. Railway C. Club.
August 15, Mahomedan Cricket Club.
August 22, Gaud Saraswat Cricket Club.
August 29, Islam Gymkhana.
September 5, Lusitanian Sporting Club.
September 11, Bombay Gymkhana (A) Team.
September 12, New Shivaji Cricket Club.
September 17, Y. M. C. A. Cricket Club.
September 19, Gujarati Union Cricket Club.
September 26, Mahomedan Cricket Club

SPORT AT HOME.

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING.

FINEST THING POSSIBLE FOR THE SOLDIERS.

The collective opinion of the Army Council regarding the value of cross-country running has been freely stated and now I offer individual testimonies from two commanding officers, both soldiers of long experience, who in the past six months have transformed heterogeneous collections of civilians into homogeneous battalions of infantry, writes "Rifleman" in the "Athletic News."

Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Maclahlan, now commanding the 8th Rifle Brigade, has perhaps a rather more extensive experience of various types of soldier than most officers of his rank. For some years he had charge of the old Public Schools Cadets (now Officers' Training Corps).

OFFICERS' TESTIMONY.

Writing to the Southern Countries C.C.A. Colonel Maclachlan says:—

I thank you on behalf of the whole battalion for your very generous appreciation of their efforts in these cross-country runs, which have been so splendidly organised by the S.C.C.C.A. . . . I am quite certain that these competitions not only make the men fit and well, but they produce a healthy system of rivalry between battalions and so increase the *esprit de corps* of all.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. Cobb, 5th Oxford and Bucks L.I., whose battalion has won three cross-country championships since Christmas, writes even higher praise in a letter addressed to the hon. secretary of the S.C.C.C.A. He says:—

These cross-country runs, in my opinion, are the finest thing possible for the soldier, They induce a very large percentage of the men to keep themselves fit, and the men take an enormous interest in them. We in the New Armies owe a great debt of gratitude to you and your committee for all the trouble you have taken, and for the way you have interested yourselves on our behalf.

15TH R. FUSILIERS WIN A CHAMPIONSHIP.

With the longer hours of daylight it is now possible to hold races after the normal day's work is completed, and so to leave the Saturday afternoon open for the lucky ones who obtain week-end leave. The Dover Garrison were the first to seize the opportunity thus afforded, and to utilise it for a championship meeting, in which eleven units competed. There were two well-known Aldershot athletes connected with the meeting—Lieutenant J. W. West (the Buffs) and Lance-Corporal W. R. Wright (Royal Fusiliers).

NEW RACES FOR SPORTS MEETINGS.

A novel event for sprinters which I can also commend is the "Zigzag" race. Where the title comes from I do not know, but the race itself was brought from India by the Loyal North Lancashires, and was immediately adopted by the Army Gymnastic Staff as an item of physical training. It is usually run by companies. Say A and B Companies are competing, and each has a team of 50. The men are drawn up in parallel lines about 100 yards apart, 25 men of each company on one line and the same numbers on the other.

The leading man of each company is given a small flag, and at the word "Go" they sprint the 100 yards separating the two lines and hand over the flags to the men of their own companies immediately facing them. Those in turn run back and transfer the flags to the next men, and so on until every man of the two teams has done his 100 yards. The first team to finish is, of course, the winner. It will be seen that the race can be altered in various ways. The course can be shortened, the teams can be increased or diminished, two men, three men, or four men per company can start together—in fact, its variations are almost infinite. But it furnishes a fund of excitement and amusement. The transfer of flags from a runner to a stationary partner is a very ticklish business, and it is the uncertainty of this transfer being effected successfully that keeps the issue in doubt to the end.

SERGEANT BAKER'S TRIPLE WIN.

At Aldershot, on Saturday, May 1, the 7th Rifle Brigade held a battalion athletic meeting, in which only competitors who had qualified by winning company trials were allowed to take part. Wilkinson, who ran second in the command cross-country championship, was on the casualty list and did not turn out, but Corporal Watts, the Elstree Harrier, who finished ninth in the same race, won both the half-mile and mile, the former in 2min. 10 3-5sec., and the mile in 4min. 53 2-5sec.

Sergeant Baker, the old Argyll and Sutherland sprinter, romped away with the 100 yards and quarter-mile. Although he took 12sec. over the shorter distance, he almost walked the last dozen yards, and, forty yards to the good, he won the quarter in 54 3-5sec.

A VETERAN'S RECORD.

The best event of the day was a relay race, with six men per company (one of each rank), each man running 220 yards. "A" Company won in 2min. 44 3-5sec. In their team was included Company-Quartermaster-Sergeant Oldfield, a veteran who retired on pension five years since, and who in 1903, when he won the 250 Yards Veteone day—the Hundred, Quarter, Half, and Mile. His last performance in England was in 1905, when he won the 250 Yards Veterans' Race at the Army Athletic Meeting. On Saturday he showed that he still retained much of his-old form by running his furlong in 26 3-5sec., and so contributed materially to his company's victory.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, June, 2, 1915.

THE ECONOMIC FUTURE.

Owing to the economic activity of all the belligerent countries being almost wholly monopolised for war purposes, the ordinary industrial channels are for the time being almost dry, and very little serious trading is engaged in. Outside of war necessaries, the trade conditions have probably never been in such a stagnant state as they are at present, since the commencement of hostilities. What is usually termed as productive industry has almost come to a standstill, while the production of munitions is assuming a magnitude which was never dreamt of prior to the war. Then it has to be remembered that practically half the flower of Great Britain's manhood is at present under arms, and though there is no compulsion, the public spirit and inherent patriotism of the people induces them to volunteer for service as they are required. The statements which have been published in some obscure quarters regarding the difficulties in recruitment, have been proved to be gross libels. Recruiting has been actively engaged in ever since hostilities broke out and Earl Kitchener is obtaining as many men as he requires and can conveniently prepare and equip. More men are wanted at the various fronts, and though, according to the Chancellor's statement, there are more than six times the original Expeditionary Force now fighting, more and more are added as time goes on. In France, Russia, Italy and Serbia every available man is being called up. And in Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey similar conditions exist. It was stated the other day that the British Government had chartered about 20 per cent. of the whole mercantile marine of the country. To facilitate and expedite the manufacture of munitions, the factories are all practically under Government control: railways have been taken over; as well as motor cars and all sorts and forms of conveyance. Under such circumstances, the wonder is not that we are having dull inactive markets and the whole world enveloped in a cloud of depression, but it is remarkable there should be markets at all, when so much productive power, so much intelligence, skill and experience have been drafted from their proper sphere of industrial utility to one of spoliation and destruction. Neutral countries are armed to the teeth ready for all eventualities, and, though not engaged in actual combat, the condition of war prevails, more or less, stifling their industries and crippling economic conditions generally. This destruction of the wealth of nations by war is bound to be seriously felt even for some time after the war concludes, and the purchasing power of a number of countries will receive a considerable set-back. Trade conditions are however, known to be singularly recuperative, and it will probably be found, that when Germany and her satellites receive their quietus, international credit will be so accommodating and sympathetic and the efforts to assist of the respective Governments, so powerful, that the balance will be restored in a much shorter period than the wisest of our economists would dare to anticipate, when gauged by precedents or tradition. Nothing has happened like it before in the world's history, and the very fact of so many Powers being involved will create a mighty trade *Entente*, which would be likely to restore the world's equilibrium as quickly as it was upset. It would, therefore, be unwise to pay any serious attention to dismal croakings as to the long reach of time it will require before anything like normal, prosperous trade conditions are arrived at. It must now be clear not only to the British Government, but to the Governments of our Allies as well, that the remarkable results achieved by Germany in trade and commerce, were due to the national unity and concentration with which her insatiable ambition was pursued. Wherever he went the German had the State at his back. The Teuton trader was not regarded as a mere adventurer in whom the State had no concern. In Germany, the trader was treated as a working part of the State machine, upon whose prosperity depended the prosperity of the whole. Trade is the very breath of our nostrils. Great Britain is entirely dependent on trade, which other countries are trying to take from her as fast as they can. And it is sincerely to be hoped that the great lesson of this war will be to bring home to the British Government,—and the Government of India,—the kind of assistance that is imperative and the best kind of co-operative effort that can be devised. As the immense strength of Germany arose from her national unity of system and set purpose in trade, so the resources of our great Empire should be organised within its borders in a similar way.

THE LOYALTY AND REWARD OF INDIA.

In a recent number of "New India" Mrs. Besant, in her usually terse and forcible manner, strikes a note of warning against the strangely anomalous attitudes towards India's services and needs prevailing among Englishmen. Her object is to signalise the existence of a very grave feeling, which is growing among Indians in this country, as well as abroad, in consequence, as she puts it, of "the praise showered upon India for her sacrifices in men and money, with the absolute refusal to show the very least consideration for her wishes and the contemptuous treatment which she receives from the Imperial Government." Mrs. Besant wonders if people in England recognise the seriousness of the feeling which is growing up here and asks.

If the Government intended to continue along its old lines of coercion and disregard of Indian claims, it would have been so much wiser not to gush over her, not to acclaim with such enthusiasm her sacrifices in life and treasure, and thus to lead her to believe that the hearts of English statesmen were really touched, and that they would recognise her claim to be treated not as a servant, but as a daughter in the Imperial household, not as a dependent, but as an equal."

What is worse, Mrs. Besant points out, is that India is not treated better than before; she is treated worse.

Already crushed down by the Arms Act; her citizens not allowed to carry arms to defend themselves against armed dacoits and wild beasts; in danger if they venture to complain in the Press; fettered as to public meetings; the most elementary rights of free men denied to them, a new fetter is added in the Public Safety Act, under which people are arrested by the hundred only to be discharged again.

More galling still is the refusal to allow educated Indians to volunteer,—thus showing how little trust is placed in their loyalty. The fate of the proposal of an executive council for the United Provinces and the refusal to raise the Chief Court of Lahore to the status of a High Court, has been followed by the appointment of the new Secretary of State for India. The national susceptibilities of Ireland have been respected by retaining Mr. Birrell with a view to avoid any suspicion as to change of policy. But as regards India, the thought of even considering her wishes does not seem to have entered into the minds of the makers of the new Cabinet.

Notes of the Day.

Will Wilson Turn?

It is hardly surprising that the insolent and contemptuous reply of the German Government to the Note on the Lusitania outrage has aroused a storm of indignation in the United States. That was to be expected. The American people are extremely sensitive of their national honour and dignity, and though these cherished possessions of any self-respecting people may not always be in very wise keeping at the White House, they are very keenly regarded by the public. The strong comments of the press, which are telegraphed from New York, therefore, probably correctly represent the feeling of the bulk of the American public in regard to Germany's latest piece of insolence. But, though even a Wilson will no doubt turn in time, we think it would still be premature to assume that the Government of the United States has reached the limit of its wonderful patience. It is all very well to have the view of the "New York Herald" that the United States will not be turned from her duty by quibbling of "The New York World" that the reply is evasive and pettifogging and of other journals that it is an amazing insult. But all this might have been said of previous acts and Notes by Germany and, unless a miracle has been effected by the latest Note and the pro-Germans turned anti-German, the considerations that have prevented President Wilson from taking a really strong stand before, still remain.

The pro-German Power in the U. S.

There are some Governments strong enough to defend the national honour by deeds as well as words in face of the fact that nearly a third of the population of their own country is in more or less open sympathy with the other party to the quarrel. But it is doubtful whether Wilson's Government is made of such stern stuff. There are some Governments who would still draw the sword for honour and civilisation, in spite of the fact that a vast amount of the country's capital and business was in the hands of men who would thus be turned into alien enemies. But we have yet to learn at what stage Wilson's Government would conceive that it had become inevitable to take such a risk. We should heartily rejoice, if the reply, which Mr. Wilson was to make in 48 hours, proves to be of the right stuff,—an absolute and uncompromising ultimatum to Germany that unless she solemnly undertakes to conform to international and humane usage the United States will declare war. Because, though the entry of the United States into the war can make very little difference to its course, the failure on the part of a great Power to reprobate and punish German barbarity and defiance of civilisation would be a deplorable blow to the world's progress.

President Wilson's Ambition.

President Wilson has made no secret of his ambition to appear in the final act of the world's great drama as the arbiter of peace. In order to qualify for this role, he closed his ears to the despairing cry of ravished Belgium and tried to stifle the feeling against Germany in the States, in order that he might keep an open and impartial mind to the end. He dreaded seeing his dream shattered and his one horror throughout has been the possibility of the United States being dragged into the quarrel. He was to be the Superior Person who declined to degrade himself by fighting, to whom all the contestants would turn for judgment when they were exhausted. This was a noble and beautiful, if distinctly priggish, ambition, but facts and events have unfortunately refused to conform to its realisation. And the man who shut his eyes to facts in the beginning is forced to open them now that the United States itself has had a direct experience of German frightfulness and insolent diplomacy. That makes all the difference. The question as to whether somebody ought or ought not to be allowed to hit somebody else on the nose may be a matter for philosophic discussion. Whether he ought to be allowed to hit you on the nose has to be decided by some speedier method.

Will Germany Mind?

It will be interesting to see how Germany will regard an ultimatum from Washington. She has exhausted every effort to win over American sympathy, with a view to securing American aid in the peace settlement, and to embroil the United States in a quarrel with Great Britain. All that effort has been wasted and all chance of achieving those two ends may be said now to have been definitely lost. What therefore has Germany to lose, if she prefers to sacrifice American neutrality rather than her own right to be frightful? The Americans will be fighting a man behind a brick wall that they can't get over. They could send, probably, at the most fifty thousand trained regulars to Europe before the war was over. Their fleet could do no more than the Allied Fleets are already doing. Judging by German psychology, which, though we may not have fully probed his mysteries, we know always works for frightfulness, it seems hardly likely that Germany will regard the intervention of the United States, so far as its military value is concerned, as worth setting against the privilege of continuing to let its submarines run amok under the High Seas.

Revolting Diplomacy.

In the whole course of this war there has been nothing more filthy and disgusting than the behaviour of Germany in its dealings with Islam. Quite apart from politics and the unhappy contentions of to-day, judged in the light of ordinary decency alone, the pretences to which Germany has stooped in order to conquer are such as revolt Christendom and Islam. The ruling class of Germany, who pride themselves on their strict feudal notions of gentility, have seen fit to forget one of the first, if not the first, code of a gentleman's honour, namely respect for another man's religion. The sacred relics of Islam, vested in the Caliphate and preserved in Constantinople have been regarded by the Wilhelmistrasse not as objects of sanctity, worthy of the most profound respect but merely as so many pawns in a dirty diplomatic game. The publication of the Kaiser's bogus conversion to the tenets of the Faithful, so insidiously undertaken by the infamous Wolff agency, and the disgusting attempt to verify this falsehood by the glorification of the destruction of places of Christian warship,—such as have revolted even Moslems themselves,—betray Germany as a Power that has reached, if not sought, the last rung of the ladder of degeneration and unspeakable immorality.

The Calvinistic Conscience.

It is apparently unknown to the dirty diplomats of Berlin and its much-vaunted Orientalists that the tenets of Mohammed by no means encourage such bestialities as Rheims, Louvain and Termonde. The Arabian sage was not a Hun and his teachings civilised mighty peoples, just as those of Calvin seem to have barbarised others. The Calvinist, who is so given to prating of and appealing to God, is an individual who throughout history has displayed a want of that tender trust, reliance and brotherhood as between man and man which is the glory of the Nazarene's creed. Mohammed enjoined the strictest respect for Holy Orders, and it is a historical fact that even the fanatic soldiery of the Khalifa at Khartoum spared such Europeans as had been fortunate enough to disguise themselves in the habit of a Monk or Nun. But the Calvinistic conscience has not shrunk from the murders which would revolt that of Islam, and the executions of village *curés* so systematically perpetrated in France and Belgium are eloquent of the fact that the Turks have allied themselves with a race which possesses an inferior interpretation of civilization.

The Muslim Female Orphanage.

The Abdullah Haji Dawood Bowla Muslim Female Orphanage, the fourth Annual Report of which is sent to us, is one of the few institutions of its kind, not only in this Presidency, but in the whole of India. Within a very short period of its existence it has been able to earn the approval and good wishes of the Muslim community. And testimony to its popularity and fame is given from one significant fact that its trustees have received several letters from Mahomedans in places distant from Bombay asking to be allowed to marry girls from the Orphanage. Much of the credit for this is due to the fact that the trustees have been able to enlist the active and sympathetic co-operation of Mr. S. M. Edwardes, the Police Commissioner, in the management and supervision of the Orphanage. The secret of the success of this institution, again, is the importance and care which the trustees attach to the disposition of the future life of the orphan girls as much as to their happiness and training during their stay in the Orphanage. Thus a special feature is the maintenance of a Marriage Fund amounting to Rs. 4,916 from which a suitable dowry is given to any orphan girl on her marriage with a view to give her a good start in life. The total number of girls in the institution, which was 37 at the end of the preceding year, rose to 59 at the end of 1914-15. Of those admitted during the year, four were found in the streets by the Police; one was sent by the City Magistrate Poona; two were sent by the authorities of the Motlabai Hospital; while most of the remaining children were brought by neighbours or impecunious relatives after the death of the children's parents. Besides the usual training, it is interesting to note, that the girls are taught needlework as well as gold and silver embroidery work, and it is also pleasant to learn that they have made and supplied many useful articles to the Women's Brench of the War Relief Fund and have also sent 18 dolls and 12 fancy boxes for the children of soldiers on active service.

Indian Women's Aid Society at Hubli.

The meeting held the other day at the Railway Institute at Hubli to further the interests of Indian women, so far as medical aid was concerned, was a step in the right direction and one that should be followed throughout the length and breadth of India, as the class to whom good is intended to be done is in a deplorably backward condition. Some of the aims of the Society are personally to advise and assist poor Indian women in times of sickness and debility. It was stated that there are at present in the Dharwar District numerous cases of disease that are being treated by ignorant quacks. This is, unfortunately, a condition that exists in many a district in India, and it is time that the charitably disposed did something to ameliorate the condition of the simple and superstitious village folk. There is a vast harvest to be reaped in respect of this work to be done in India, but unfortunately the labourers are infinitesimal. All the greater, praise is therefore due to Mrs. Emanuel, the wife of the Collector of Dharwar, who has been taking a great deal of interest and pains in establishing charitable dispensaries in Sind and elsewhere for the poorer classes of Indians. It is due to her personal efforts that a highly qualified English lady doctor is shortly to be appointed to the dispensary opened in Hubli. In addition to the above scheme, Indian women are to be trained as midwives and nurses. Mrs. Emanuel is to be congratulated on her philantropic work and we hope that success will crown her efforts in so worthy a cause.

Official and Personal.

A Simla telegram states that the death through sudden heart failure has occurred of Major Bilgrami, Indian Medical Service (retired), who was staying at Inverarm. The funeral took place on Monday and was impressive. Among those who attended were Sir Syed Ali Imam, the Hon. Mian Mahomed Shafti, Mr. Mahomed Azahar Al: Khan, Sahour Maula Buksh, Khan Bahadur Chairat Hussain, Mr. Mir Mahomed Khan and Rai Bahadur Kuar Boara Bahadur Singh. The deceased, after his retirement, had been giving his time and energy to the cause of Moslem education and the news of his death will be received with the greatest regret all over India.

The Transport Claims Committee which arrived in Bombay on the 21st May will leave for Madras on the 8th inst. arriving there on the 10th inst. The Committee intend visiting Calcutta about the middle of the month.

THE WAR

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

GERMANY'S REPLY.

INDIGNATION IN AMERICA.

FAVOURABLE DEVELOPMENTS IN GALICIA.

PROGRESS NORTH OF ARRAS.

ATTACK BY AN ITALIAN DIRIGIBLE.

"THE TIMES" PROSECUTED BY GOVERNMENT.

There appears to be only one opinion amongst the reputable American press with regard to Germany's reply to President Wilson's Note, which is variously characterised as "an amazing insult," "evasive," "insincere" and "pettifogging."

Petrograd communiqué states the battle on the San is developing favourably for Russia. The German offensive on the Jaroslav-Radymno front and eastward has been checked. All hostile attacks on the Dniester have been repulsed with heavy loss.

The Allies have made fresh progress north of Arras, capturing a mill and trenches on the Souchez-Carency Road. Artillery duels took place on the Yser in the Bois-le-Pretre.

Zeppelins are reported to have been sighted near Ramsgate, Brentwood and certain outlying districts of London.

It is officially announced that an Italian dirigible flew over Pola, and dropped bombs on the railway station, petrol depot and arsenal, where a conflagration broke out. A flotilla of destroyers bombarded the dockyard at Montefalcone doing serious damage, also sinking a number of boats laden with grain.

"The Times" is being prosecuted for publishing an uncensored letter which conveyed the impression that indifference regarding the war existed in Great Britain.

Sir Edward Grey will take a short holiday, Lord Crewe acting temporarily at the Foreign Office, with Lord Lansdowne to assist.

The King of Greece's condition is said to be more satisfactory.

THE KING OF GREECE.

CONDITION SATISFACTORY.

LONDON, May 31.

German and Austrian specialists have arrived at Athens and have issued a bulletin stating that the King's condition is satisfactory and there is very little fever.

GERMANY'S INSULT TO AMERICA.

SITUATION CONSIDERED TO BE GRAVE.

THE BATTLE IN GALICIA.

IMPORTANT FAVOURABLE DEVELOPMENTS.

RESOLUTE OFFENSIVE ON THE DNIESTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, May 31.

A communiqué issued to-night is very important. It says:—

"The battle on the San is developing in our favour. We have successfully assumed offensive and last night crossed the river Lubaczowka, occupied a village and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

The German offensive on the Jaroslav-Radymno front and Eastward has been stopped by our fire.

All hostile attacks beyond the Dniester have been repulsed with heavy loss. We assumed a resolute offensive on Saturday night with great success. We have already captured over seven thousand prisoners and thirty quickfirers on this front and the enemy has begun a disorderly retreat."

CONTINUOUS SUCCESS IN SHAVLE DISTRICT.

PETROGRAD, May 31.

A communiqué says fighting in Shavle district continues to our advantage. We captured, on the front between Pilica and the Upper Vistula, from the 12th to 24th May, 209 officers and 8,617 men.

RUSSIAN SUCCESS DEVELOPING

MORE PRISONERS CAPTURED.

PETROGRAD, May 31.

General Irmanoff is developing his success and has captured a further thousand prisoners, a large number of field kitchens and other portions of the enemy's train.

CHIEF GERMAN EFFORT IN GALICIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 1.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—London, May 29, (delayed in transmission).—The chief German effort in Galicia is now south-east of Przemysl and is designed to cut the Lemberg-Przemysl Railway.

GERMANS' MAMMOTH PROJECTILES.

SUPPLIES OF MUNITIONS EXHAUSTED

ALLAHABAD, June 1.

The "Pioneer's" special correspondent cables:—A Russian official Note states, in their recent attack the Germans used ten 1,800 pounder projectiles on each yard of the front. All within the sphere of such fire became bruised or stupified.

It was evident it would be impossible to maintain supplies of heavy ammunition used at the rate of two lakhs hourly and it appears Germans have exhausted their supplies at Cracow and other fortresses.

Their infantry accustomed to attack an enemy already either stupefied or poisoned will soon be obliged to fight under very different conditions.

THE DARDANELLES.

BRITISH BLOCKADE ANNOUNCED

ATHENS, May 31.

A British blockade is announced of the coast between the Dardanelles and the Strait of Samos.

CAMPAIGN IN MESOPATAMIA.

DASH AND DETERMENATION OF TROOPS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 1.

On the morning of 31st May a further advance up the Tigris river was made by the British Expeditionary Force in close co-operation with the Navy. Notwithstanding the excessive heat the troops advanced with great dash and determination and successively captured four positions held by the enemy. As far as reported we suffered only a few casualties. Valuable work was performed by our aeroplanes. Operations are proceeding.

PROGRESS NORTH OF ARRAS.

MILL AND TRENCHES CAPTURED.

ARTILLERY DUELS ON THE YSER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, June 1.

The evening communiqué says:—North of Arras we made fresh progress and captured a mill and trenches on the Souchez-Carency Road.

A German counter-attack in the vicinity of the Labyrinth was repulsed.

Artillery duels took place on the Yser and in the Bois-le-Pretre.

ATTACK IN LORETTE REPULSED.

PARIS, May 31.

The communiqué says we easily repulsed an attack in the Lorette district.

ZEPPELINS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 1.

The Press Bureau says Zeppelins are reported to have been seen near Ramsgate, Brentwood and certain outlying districts of London.

Many fires are reported, but these cannot absolutely be connected with the visits of the airships.

SIR E. GREY TAKES A HOLIDAY

LORD CREWE TAKES CHARGE.

LONDON, May 31.

It is officially announced that Sir Edward Grey will take a short holiday to rest his eyesight. Lord Crewe will temporarily take charge of the Foreign Office, and Lord Lansdowne has consented to assist.

DEATH OF THE EARL OF JERSEY.

LONDON, June 1

The death of the Earl of Jersey is announced.

Victor Albert George Child Villiers, Earl of Jersey, Viscount Villiers, Baron Hoo, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., D.C.L., was born in 1865. He was educated at Eton and Baliol College, Oxford, was Lord-in-Waiting 1875-77, Pay-Master-General of the Forces 1889-90 and Governor-General N. S. Wales 1890-93. The late Earl was a descendant of Mary, Queen of France and Sister of Henry VIII.

FAMOUS POLO PLAYER KILLED BY GAS.

LONDON, June 1.

Captain Noel Edwards, international polo player, has died of gas poisoning.

MULTAN SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

SIX ACCUSED SENTENCED IN ISLAMPUR FARAZ CASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MULTAN, June 1,

In the Islampur Faraz case the Special Tribunal have sentenced six accused to five years imprisonment, three months being solitary. The Court pointed out that the evidence consisted entirely of personal identification. It was not satisfied that the house that was burnt was deliberately fired. 203 men were identified originally but the prosecution entered a *nolle prosequi* against all except thirty.

RAILWAY LINE FLOODED IN SYLHET.

BALLAST TRAIN RUNS INTO BREACH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CHITTAGONG, June 1.

Heavy floods in South Sylhet caused some damage to the A. B. Railway main line on the night of 31st May. The bridge at mile 188 near Bhanugach was damaged and a ballast train ran into the breach. The train staff escaped. Arrangements are being made for transhipment of passengers.

BANK OF MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 1.

The Bank of Madras rate of interest remains unchanged.

ITALIAN CAMPAIGN.

DIRIGIBLE ATTACKS POLA.

DESTROYERS BOMBARD MONTEFALCONE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ROME, May 31.

It is officially announced that an Italian dirigible flew over Pola and dropped bombs on the railway station, petrol depot, and arsenal, where a conflagration broke out. The airship returned safely in spite of the fire from anti-aircraft guns.

A flotilla of destroyers bombarded the dockyard at Montefalcone doing serious damage, also sinking a number of boats laden with grain. The destroyers sustained no damage.

REPORTED ANARCHY IN TRIESTE.

MOB FIRING AND SACKING THE CITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 1.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—London, May 29, (delayed in transmission.—Reuter's correspondent in Udine says it is reported from Carmons that Trieste is at the mercy of the mob. The authorities fled leaving the city in the hands of a delegation; that immediately night fell, began sacking the Italian buildings. The offices of the Piccolo were fired and the staff narrowly escaped. The destruction continued next day with the connivance and even collaboration of the gendarmes.

MADRAS HOSPITALSHIP LOYALTY.

INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS' PRAISE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 1.

The following letter has been received by the Secretary, Madras War Fund from Captain S. Arshad Ali and Captain Jung Bahadur Singh Ahluwalia, Jaipur Imperial Service Infantry, Kapurthala State:—"We are leaving Madras to-day after having stayed on board the hospital ship for more than three weeks. Reports about the excellence of the hospital ship had reached us long ago in the wild country. Ever since we were admitted as patients in the ship we have enjoyed every comfort and received the fullest measure of kindness and attention at the hands of Colonel Gifford and his officers, assistant surgeons, students nurses and ward boys. We are very grateful to all of them for the unremitting care and unfailing sympathy with which they performed their self-imposed task. The Captain of the ship and his officers, engineers and butlers have also been kind to us. With such a staff and such complete equipment it is no wonder that the reputation of the ship has spread throughout British East Africa. We shall be much obliged if you will kindly convey our heartfelt thanks to the ladies and gentlemen of the Madras Presidency for the splendid gift they have made for the benefit of the officers and men British and Indian who are fighting for their King in far off lands. Our first duty when we reach Kapurthala will be to inform our Maharaja Sahib Bahadur of the merits of the floating hospital which Madras may well be ground of."

SALVATION ARMY EXHIBITION.

VICEROY'S APPRECIATIVE SPEECH AT OPENING CEREMONY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, June 1.

In opening the Salvation Army Exhibition this evening his Excellency the Viceroy said:—"Mr. Commissioner Booth Tucker, Mrs. Booth Tucker, ladies and gentlemen,—I very highly appreciate the opportunity which has been afforded me to-day of testifying to the lively interest which I have always felt in your work and that of your comrades of the Salvation Army in India. I have already had the pleasure of reading in the address which you have now presented to me of the many and varied activities in which the Salvation Army is engaged and I have been greatly impressed both by the broad spirit of philanthropy in which these projects have been conceived and no less by the practical common sense which you are bringing to bear upon their successful completion. The many useful and beautiful objects collected here to-day all of which have been made under the auspices of the Salvation Army form a pleasing reminder of the splendid results which your efforts have already secured.

In declaring the Exhibition open I will only wish you in this and in your other enterprises all that success which you have so unselfishly worked for and so richly deserved."

GERMANY'S REPLY TO AMERICA.

"AN AMAZING INSULT."

ONLY ONE THING LEFT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, May 31.

The "New York Herald," referring to the German reply to the American Note, says in the case of Germany versus Civilisation, the United States holds the brief for civilisation. Germany must respect the rights of non-combatants. The United States will not be diverted from her duty by quibbling.

The "New York World" says the Note is worse than evasive, it is insincere, even pettifogging.

The "New York Journal" says Germany contends that the Lusitania was a warship, in the same was as Louvain University and Rheims Cathedral were fortifications.

Other newspapers say the Note is an amazing insult. Nothing is left but to sever diplomatic relations and a demand that the next step shall bring Germany to her senses.

SITUATION CONSIDERED GRAVE.

PRESIDENT WILL REPLY WITHIN 48 HOURS.

WASHINGTON, May 31.

Intense disappointment is expressed at Germany's answer and especially at her failure to mention the United States demands.

There is little concealment anywhere that the situation is grave.

It is stated that President Wilson will reply within forty-eight hours.

APPALLING CONDITIONS IN MEXICO.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO SEND A NOTE.

WASHINGTON, June 1.

A Red Cross appeal for assistance in Mexico declares that famine is sweeping the Republic and the population of Mexico City is in danger of starving.

There have been food riots and women and children were trampled to death at Acapulco in the rush to participate in the distribution of food.

It is believed that President Wilson is about to send a Note to the Mexican factional leaders which is virtually an ultimatum.

BOMBAY CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Bombay City Improvement Trust was held yesterday evening in the rooms of Trust's office, when the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr, the Chairman presided.

The Agenda contained 7 items, of a routine nature, and among them was a letter from the Officiating Engineer requesting the Board's permission to supervise, without remuneration the erection of a small temporary miniature rifle range and a store room for the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at their Headquarters. There was also another latter from the Engineer requesting sanction to an estimate amounting to Rs. 1,750 for levelling the recreation ground opposite the Y. M. C. A's plot No. 121, West Agripada Estate and planting trees on all sides at 15 feet apart.

TELEGRAPHIC RESTRICTIONS TO ITALY

In telegrams to Italy and her colonies abbreviated telegraph addresses will not be accepted as the address, nor will the use be admitted of the special instructions and conventional signs shown in Rule 174, Indian Telegraph Guide with the exception of the following, viz, Reply Paid, Express, Express Paid, Express Paid Telegraph, Express Paid Post and Post, which must be used in full and not in the abbreviated form and must be written in the French language only. Paid Services advices calling for information on telegrams presented in Italy and her colonies, are also not admitted.

FORTHCOMING HAJ PILGRIMAGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, June 1.

The announcement regarding the annual Haj pilgrimage is expected shortly. The number of pilgrims entering India from the Central Asian countries is much larger than usual as the routes through the Russian and Turkish Dominions cannot be used owing to the war.

DEFENCE OF REALM ACT.

PROSECUTION OF "THE TIMES"

PUBLICATION OF UNCENSORED LETTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM

LONDON, May 31.

"The Times" was to-day prosecuted under the Defence of Realm Act for publishing an uncensored letter from Major Richardson, the noted trainer of bloodhounds, headed "Need for compulsion."

The letter said raw recruits were being called out in France while scores of able-bodied men in England were complacently doing nothing.

Mr. Bodkin, Treasury Counsel, said that the letter was calculated to suggest to Frenchmen the absolutely false impression that complete indifference regarding the war existed in Great Britain.

The case was adjourned.

PROMOTER OF BOGUS COMPANIES.

SENT TO JAIL FOR CHEATING ON RETRIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 1.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate delivered judgmennt in the case in which Sub-Inspector Sambasivan Pillai of the B. Division Police charged Ragva Sriniwasan, a young Brahmin of Kumbakonam, with cheating etc. The case was originally tried by Mr. Muhamad Fazillulah Sahib of the George Town Police Court, who convicted the accused and sentenced him to nine months' rigorous imprisonment. The accused preferred an appeal against the conviction to the High Court when Justices Sankaran Nair and Hannay set aside the conviction and sentence and ordered a retrial.

The facts of the case are as follows:—The accused who was described as a promoter of several bogus companies at different times under different names such as Labour Bank Ltd., Labour Bank and Industrials Co., Ltd. Industrial Union Ltd. etc., a concern in George Town under the name of the Premier Industrials Ltd. invited the public to take shares. A number of shares was taken and the accused is said to have misappropriated the money which he thus received for shares. He was now charged with having cheated three persons, viz., Ramaniah of Cocanada, Veeraragavalu Naidu of the National Bank and Ratnavelu Mudali of George Town in respect of Rs. 1,00, Rs. 400 and Rs. 500 respectively which he took for shares or securities.

His Worship finding the accused guilty sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment on each count, sentence to run concurrently and to pay a fine of Rs. 150 on each count or in default to undergo further imprisonment for three months on each count.

THE CITIZEN'S DUTY.

A ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP ON CONSCRIPTION.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Northampton, Dr. Keating, recently delivered an address on "The War and Christianity" at a solemn Requiem Mass for the victims of the war, in St. Gregory's Church, Longton, Stoke-on-Trent.

In his address he said that the Mother Country that had sheltered and protected them and had always taught them that obedience to her laws was the best guarantee of liberty and progress was calling them. But they had never expected to be summoned to her side to defend her very life. Yet that was the position to-day, and the call imposed a strict obligation upon every citizen. The dictates of the Christian conscience endorsed and elevated and reinforced with fresh motives that which their national feeling prompted them to do. A shirker who professed the Christian religion was infinitely more base than a shirker who professed none.

He did not see any sign that the voluntary system was unequal to the strain laid upon it; but it was no less obligatory in conscience than the system of conscription. It was, perhaps, more stringent because it did not mean that they were free to give or withhold their service. It means universal recognition of a universal duty to dedicate all that they had and all that they were to the country's service.

The vision rose before them of a new England, purified by her children's blood; an England that should be in the future what she was now and had been in the past, the avenger of injustice and the protector of the weak. With that vision before them they were content to die that England might live.

The death has occurred at the Walker Hospital, Simla after a brief illness of Mr. B. A. Weston, lately Agent of the Bank of Upper India and a son of Mr. Weston who was until recently Managing Director of that concern.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

SUDHAN SINGH'S INITIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 1.*

Sucha Singh's evidence indicated the method of work of the conspirators in perverting the student community and outlined the activities of the gang in the neighbourhood of Ludhiana. Witness was a student of the Islamia High School, Ludhiana. In November 1914 he was first inoculated with anti-Government views by one Kahan Singh in an ekka journey to his village, the man showing him a copy of "Ghadar-di-gunj." He read from this publication and later had it with him rrom which he used to read out verses to the students living with him in the boarding house. They began to translate the book into Urdu. They also wrote out five seditious posters and posted them up at various places in Ludhiana. Two posters were produced in the Court and identified by the witness. Sucha Singh went on detailing the frequent interviews which he had with some of the leading members of the party and the repeated visits which they paid him in the boarding house. One day coming to know that the Superintendent of Police was going to tour on the Dhuri railway line they sent a warning to Nawab Khan of Halwara. Witness also learnt from his party several recipes for making bombs, one of which he quoted by way of illustration. He then mentioned various attempts which they made to acquire chemicals for making bombs including the occasion when he and a comrade stole certain chemicals from the school science room.

THE SCHEMES OF MUTINY AND DACOITIES.

Kartar Singh stayed with him occasionally at the boarding house and expressed strong views against the Government and the whole European community. They discussed the scheme of the mutiny and planned to work to spread the seditious movement. He learnt from Dalip Singh that two men, a doctor and a Bengali, were preparing bombs in Jhabewal. He was eager to see bombs and therefore went to the village. But his wish could not be satisfied that day as the doctor and the Bengali were absent from the village having come to Ludhiana for a day. The Bengali turned out to be Permanand (2) and witness identified the photo of Mathra Singh who absconded, as the doctor, both of whom he met a little later. About the end of January last Kartar Singh showed witness a bomb of the brass inkstand type as well as a revolver. An important conference of the party was held in his room at the boarding house. Karta Singh also told him that they intented to commit a dacoity at Jandiali. The same day the party left in two groups. He learnt next day from Kartar Singh that they had been to Sanchwal and in a house for four hours but secured very poor booty. A Kalma rupee out of this was given to witness as a memento which was found on his person when he was arrested. They then planned to meet near Jhabewal for a dacoity but they did not meet as arranged, for they did not make an attempt to commit the proposed dacoity, the idea having been abandoned on account of the fear that a dacoity in that village might result in the discovery of the material for bomb-making which they had burried in that neighbourhood in a fairly large quantity. At this time one evening Sham Lal came to the boarding house, whom he saw for the first time. Witness identified the accused Pingley as the man whom he knew as Sham Lal. The latter had come to bring a revolver which belonged to one of their party who had been arrested. The revolver was not seized by the police and as Sham Lal knew its whereabouts he came to take it away. Witness described their plan to commit a dacoity at Mansuram and briefly narrated how, on reaching the village they passed through the *galli* where the house of their intended victim was situated. A party of thirteen men had collected at the selected spot outside the village by 12 p.m. and witness mentioned the names of all the men.*

LORD SYDENHAM MEMORIAL FUND.

COLLEGE OF COMMERCE NAMED AFTER HIM.

The following Press Note has been issued:—

The Committee of the Lord Sydenham Memorial Fund have offered to hand over to Government a sum of Rs. 1,85,000 in 3½ per cent. Government Promissory Notes on the following terms:—

(1) that Government should undertake to provide a suitable site and a building thereon for the Government College of Commerce, any additional funds that may be required for the purpose being supplied by Government;

(2) that the College of Commerce be named after Lord Sydenham;

(3) that until the building for the college is taken in hand, Government be authorised to expend such part of the interest accruing from the fund as may be required for a scheme for renting quarters for the students of the college; and

(4) that Government should undertake the construction of the building for the college as soon as ever it is practicable for them to do so, and that the committee be afforded an opportunity of expressing their opinion regarding the selection of a site and the plan of the building before they are finally settled upon.

The above offer has been accepted by Government with cordial thanks. The Governor in Council has also been pleased to direct that the Government College of Commerce should in future be designated "The Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics."

*The first part of this telegram appears on page 10.

GUJERATI LITERARY CONFERENCE.

Photo by Dave and Dikshit.

The fifth session of the Gujerati Sahitya Parishad was held at Surat on the 29th and 30th May. The photograph shows Mr. Narsinhrao Bolanath Divetia, President of the Conference addressing the audience.

THE OIL CONTROVERSY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—"L" accuses me of indulging in personal invectives against him, though what I really did was that I took him at his own estimation. He now tells us he is a student of forty-six years of age with *twenty-five years' practical experience*, but he still leaves us in the dark as to whether this life-long experience at all extends to the oil industry. He further remarks that instead of indulging in post-graduate bombast I should have controverted, and disproved, the three or four statements he had picked out from your correspondent's (*alias* E. II's) letter and which, in his opinion were unfounded. I have carefully gone through his previous correspondence, and, I am sorry, I find no such controversial points there. In fact, it was the absence of such points that led me to assume that L. merely came out as a champion for E.I., which opinion is now confirmed by his fresh ebullition. My lapidary argument stands, L's contentions to the contrary notwithstanding. It is not the genuine stone that is under question, but the Tait's diamond, which it is attempted to pass as genuine, and the services of the lapidary are, therefore, necessary to put the public on their guard.

Now as to the Expeller. There is apparently an attempt to discount such a well-known and recognised oil chemist as Dr. Lewkowitsch, whose whole life was spent in the study and research of the oil and cognate industries. I am proud of being called his disciple, as any man indeed would be. Ignoring his arguments originally advanced in favour of the expellers, L now gives us figures of the percentages of oil left in linseed cakes made by the various methods to prove that the expeller cake is the best containing only 6.30 per cent. oil as against higher figures in other cakes. Now, as every oil miller knows, the percentage of oil in cake is dependent not only on the machinery but on several other factors, e.g., quality and nature of seed, temperature, moisture, methods of cooking and finally the pressure. It has never been possible for oil-millers to manufacture any oil cake with a uniform percentage of oil left in it. In L's own words, "it is a question of tests and tests" and I am prepared to quote instances of hydraulic cake containing as low as 4 per cent. and expeller cake containing as high as 12 per cent. oil.

Not content with my appreciation of his description of the formation of Prussic Acid in linseed cake, L would perforce have me adduce evidence to prove that this acid is generated by the particular method of manufacture. For his satisfaction, I present him with the following extract taken verbatim from Lewkowitsch (Chemical Technology and Analysis of Oils, Fats, and Waxes, Vol. II p. 48):—

The press cakes are used as one of the most valuable and wholesome cattle foods. It should, however, be noted that they contain a small quantity of a cyanogenetic glucoside, linamarin, which has been shown to be identical with phaseolunatin (a detrose ether of acetone cyanohydrin), and an enzyme occurring naturally in linseed and in the flax plant. In the presence of water this enzyme acts on the glucoside with production of prussic acid. The temperature to which the linseed meal is heated, preparatory to pressing, suffices to destroy the enzyme. Hence linseed cake as found in commerce is innocuous to cattle. Cases of cattle poisoning after feeding with linseed cake were, as a rule, hitherto ascribed to an admixture with poisonous seeds, such as castor seed. In the light of the foregoing facts the poisoning may, however, have been due to prussic acid, generated from the cyanogenetic glucoside in consequence of *too low a temperature having been employed accidentally in the process of expressing the oil. For this reason the meal obtained in Anderson's press (see p. 15) should not be fed to the cattle.*

Of course, the generation of Prussic Acid common to linseed cake of any make, but the expeller cake, being cold-pressed is the *most liable to this trouble.*—Yours, etc.,

R. L. SUTARIA.

Bombay, June, 1.

MARKETS FOR OIL CAKE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Referring to the letters of L. on oil industry in your paper I beg to state that the best markets for all kinds of oil cake, with the exception of linseed cake, were German markets, and our cakes realised better prices on the Continent than at Liverpool or London. We seldom exported our linseed cake to Continental ports, Liverpool was the best market for that cake.

I write this from personal experience of over 25 years' in this line.—Yours, etc.,

MATHOORUDASS GOCULDASS THACKER.

Matunga June, 1st,

MESSRS MAHOMED ALI AND SHAUKAT ALI.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—The brilliant editor of the "Comrade" and his brother have fallen victims to the Indian Defence Act. If there ever was any scepticism about the danger of the new legislation, it would not survive the two recent confinements at Mehrauli. They should serve as an eye-opener to those Indian members of the Imperial Council who gave their support,—a reluctant and half-hearted support though,—to the new law of Draconian severity. I wonder if their hope that the new law would be resorted to sparingly and with extreme care and caution can outlive the recent disillusionment.

Speculation as to why Mr. Mahomed Ali has been confined are absolutely futile. The author of the fiat depriving him and his brother of their liberties does not mention their enormities. We wonder what they could be. If the order is based on C. I. D. reports, it rests on the flimsiest of all conceivable foundations. Mr. Mahomed Ali's record of public opinion does not incline us to the belief that he has done anything deserving of the punishment inflicted on him.

Mr. Mahomed Ali wielded a trenchant pen and was an unsparing critic but with disloyalty and sedition he had as little to do as the loudest loyalist. What puzzles us still more is that Mr. Shaukat Ali has been subjected to the same punishment as has been meted out to his younger brother. Mr. Shaukat Ali is a retired Government servant. He took little part in the politics of the country. His connections with a religious association absorbed his time and energy. What he is punished for is, therefore, an unsolved mystery.

A more inopportune moment for the punishing of such a popular leader of the Mussalmans as Mr. Mahomed Ali could not be conceived and we are afraid, we cannot congratulate the Chief Commissioner on his choice of time for the doing of a thing which is calculated to cause the profoundest pain to Moslems. Mr. Mahomed Ali occupies by far the most conspicuous position in the affections of his community. If any proof were needed of the immense popularity enjoyed by Mr. Mahomed Ali, it is furnished by the two unprecedentedly big demonstrations in his favour at Delhi.

The order of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is a blunder. Will our kind-hearted and generous Viceroy rectify it as he has more than once recitified the mistakes of the "men on the spot?" The Moslem community will hail liberated Mahomed Ali with no less gratitude than it did the promised restoration of the Cawnpore mosque.—Yours, etc.,

"AN ADMIRER."

RAILWAY WAGONS CAPSIZED BY STORM.

ACCIDENT ON THE E. B. S. RAILWAY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CHORKAI, June 1.

The District Traffic Superintendent E. B. S. Railway wires:—

Shortly after noon on Monday 13 wagons of a Down-goods train in motion were capsized by force of wind in a heavy storm about a mile south of Chorkai station on the Santahar-Siliguri main line which was blocked for about 11 hours. Nos. 47 Up-mixed and 40 Down-passenger trains were transhipped, and the Down Darjeeling mail was through without transhipment after 80 minutes' delay. The line was cleared half an hour before midnight.

A meeing of the United Provinces Board of Industry will be held at Naini Tal on the 10th instant.

HISTORICAL RESEARCH IN WESTERN INDIA.

ANNUAL GATHERING OF POONA INSTITUTE.

The annual gathering of the Bharat-Itihasa-Samshodhak Mandal (The Indian Historical Research Society) commenced its sittings at Poona on Satu day morning. There was a fairly large attendance of members and visitors. The proceedings were opened by Rao Bahadur K. N. Sane, President of the Association, who first of all referred to the calamity of the European war and expressed the hope and prayer of the Association that the British Government would come out successful through the ordeal. Mr. Sane next referred to the large extent of territory extending from Goa in the south to the extreme points of the Central Provinces, which yet remained unexplored for the purposes of historical investigation and research. He referred to the attempts made by Government in their own way and expressed the hope that the University too might in the near future interest itself in, and spend money upon, the work of historical research.

Sirdar Mehendale, Hon. Secretary of the Association, next gave a few facts about the work done by the Society during the course of the year. In all about twenty-one meetings were held, with an average attendance of twelve members. A mass of printed literature embodying historical papers, and memoranda or minutes of research was issued during the course of the year. The work of preparing an index to the historical papers already printed has progressed satisfactorily so that nearly the whole of the papers printed so far by Mr. Rajwade, have been dealt with and disposed of for the purposes of an index. The work of putting together corrections of mistakes committed by Grant Duff in his history of the Mahrattas was also in progress. The membership of the Association has now reached a total of 158. The income during the period under report was Rs. 2,479 and the expenditure 1,067 rupees. A budget was made for the next year's expense for about 2,750 rupees and the Secretary urged the members who had allowed their subscriptions to remain in arrears to be good enough to pay up their dues so that the work of the Society might not be hampered. Sirdar Mehendale then dwelt on the necessity of specialisation and division of labour in the work of historical research and mentioned the desirability of applying to Government to help the work of the Association which they could undoubtedly do in many ways. He concluded with expressing the hope that a reference library being a supreme necessity for research workers might soon come into being as the result of the united efforts of the sympathisers of the Association.

Being called upon by the President several members of the Association present gave an account of the research work which they had done during the course of the year.

Rao Bahadur C. V. Vaidya then read a paper on the traces found in the Vedas of the solar and lunar dynasties of India. This was a new and interesting theory which went to show that the division of the high class Indian families into the solar and the lunar groups was of a very ancient origin. Mr. K. V. Acharya next gave a paper on the subject of Ramashastri the famous Judge under the Peshawas, and his descendants. Mr. Chandorkar read a paper on a copper plate dated the 12th Shaka era relating to a grant of land to Brahmans in the Konkan. And Mr. Bhat gave an account of the Bondhales near Pandharpure, who figured in history and were on the side of Raghoba Dada Peshwa.—"The Mahratta."

THE LATE SIR CHARLES CROSTHWAITE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, June 1.

On the news of the death of Sir Charles Crosthwaite being received here this morning, all Courts were closed as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Chief Commissioner of Burma.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 31.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain C. Twining, Hampshires.

Lieut. H. J. Walters, Monmouthshires.

Second-Lieut. N. Bavin, Essex Regiment.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut. C. Loxton, North Staffords.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 1.

The following names of officers appear in the 130th casualty list from France and Belgium:—

KILLED.

Captain P. Beattie-Crozier, 4th Rajputs.

Lieutenant R. E. J. Thomson, 15th Sikhs.

Jemadar Patiram Pun, 2nd Gurkhas.

Second-Lieutenant C. C. Nott-Bower (previously reported missing, believed killed), 2nd-3rd Gurkhas.

Jemadar Sakhatman Gurung, 1st-6th Gurkhas.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Jemadar Nakia Thapa, 1st-7th Gurkhas.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieutenant A. D. P. Campbell (unattached list, Indian Army), 2nd Gordon Highlanders.

Second-Lieutenant C. S. Searle, 1st Berkshires.

Lieutenant E. G. Greenfield, (unattached list), Indian Army, (8th Lincolnshires), attached 1st-4th Gurkhas.

Captain W. Levih-Ross, 55th Cookes Rifles.

Subadar Sirilall, 1st-2nd Gurkhas.

Second-Lieut W. O'Gilvy (I.A.R.O.). 2nd-8th Gurkhas.

Jemadar Nain Sing Malla, Naga Hills Military Police.

MISSING.

Second-Lieutenant A. D. Wingate (unattached list, Indian Army), 2nd Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Captain G. F. Robinson, 6th Shropshires (attached 1st-4th Gurkhas).

Major H. E. Moule, 1st-4th Gurkhas.

7th list from the Mediterranean Force:—

KILLED.

Captain R. H. A. Whytehead, 1st-6th Gurkhas.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant R. J. F. P. Meade, 14th Sikhs.

Captain D. A. H. Jackson, 1st-6th Gurkhas.

SIMLA, June 1.

The following names of officers appear in the 131st casualty list from France and Belgium:—

KILLED.

Subadar Lekh Ram, 113th Infantry.

WOUNDED.

Subadar Jaising, 37th Dogras.

Subadar Lachman Singh and Jamadar Sawan, 38th Dogras.

Subadars Hamal Chand and Suba Singh, Jamadar Dulo, 41st Dogras.

Jamadars Kehar Singh, Harchand Singh, Hawing and Abdul Rahman, 58th Vaughan's Rifles.

Jamadar Hira Singh, 82nd Punjabis.

Jamadar Nanwar Singh, 113th Infantry

Subadar Ram Singh Thapei, 2nd-5th Gurkhas.

The following is the 47th list from the Persian Gulf:—

DIED OF DISEASE.

Jemadar Ram Kharan, 23rd Cavalry.

A DOCTOR'S TROUBLE.

SENT TO JAIL FOR CONNIVANCE AT UNDUE INFLUENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, June 1.

The District Magistrate of Ajmer has delivered judgment in the case in which Balwant Singh, Sub-Assistant-Surgeon, in charge of the Jail Hospital, Ajmere, was tried under sections 161 116 I.P.C. for writing a letter to a police officer to show favour to Rao Sahib of Deolia who was being tried in another case. The Magistrate in passing judgment said:—Police officers are notoriously exposed to many and various temptations in the course of their official duties against working straightforwardly without fear or favour. When a person, the high positnon of a Sazimi Istimrardar as does the Thakur of Deolia finds himself in the position of accused those temptations are apt to become overwhelming. Anyone who connives at by adding to the difficulties of the police by offering them any inducements of whatever nature in order they may let off a highly-placed nobleman, is guilty of conduct which deserves strong condemnation and adequate punishment. However, considering the accused's respectability, the Magistrate took a lenient view of the case and sentenced him to six weeks' simple imprisonment.

GRIFFITH'S TELEGRAM COMPANY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 1.

At the High Court to-day before Justice Company that the Company be wound up by the matter of Messrs. Griffith's Telegram Company that the Company be wound up by order of the Court. The application was on behalf of the Bengal Bonded Warhouse Association from whom Messrs. Griffith's Telegram Company rented a portion of premises No. 102 Clive Street, where they had their office at a monthly rental of Rs. 175. The company had not paid any rent since August last.

His Lordship directed the usual notices to issue and fixed the hearing of the petition for three weeks hence.

OPINIONS OF THE DAY

The Moslem League.

The "Hablul Matin":—The principal work of the League should be educational. Even in political questions, the League must teach our people to think on public questions and form a rational idea regarding them. Thus, the League may be converted into the most potent instrument for the moral education of our people. A nation imbued with the spirit of patriotism is certain to show boundless activities in every phase of national life. Civic education fosters the spirit of unity for which the Moslems stand pre-eminent in the world. Once, the League can foster the spirit of the love of country among our people, then, the Islamic community in India will achieve notable progress in all directions, in commerce, literature, and Science and Arts. It is the spirit of lassitude that must be overcome, and that can only be done by teaching our people to work in the public cause. The object of the League has been stated to be the realisation of certain lofty ideals. It is to create public spirit among the Moslems of India, so that they may secure their legitimate position in the country over which they ruled for over six centuries. And it is the sacred duty of every individual member of our community to do all in his power to promote the interests of the League so that its lofty ideal may be realised in the future.

A Typical Case.

The "Tribune":—The "Mahratta" brings to light a typical case of appeal against acquital and the violation of a well-known legal principle. A forest fire occurred in a village in Shirpur taluka, Khandesh District, recently. The forest guard called on the inhabitants of the adjoining villages by a beat of drum to put out the flames. But as some inhabitants did not turn out to help the authorities, it was alleged that they absented themselves intentionally and were prosecuted under the Forest Act. The Magistrate, Mr. Hiremuth, discharged and acquitted the accused as the prosecution failed to prove any criminal intention on the part of the accused. Against this acquittal the executive officials appealed to the High Court and Mr. Justice Beaman, a Civilian Judge, threw upon the accused the burden of proving their innocence and called upon them to show that their absence from the village was not the outcome of any evil intention. His lordship framed the charge against the accused and sentenced them to a fine of one rupee each. It is obvious that in the absence of any evidence produced by the prosecution, the accused cannot fairly be asked to prove their innocence. Their guilt cannot be assumed in this manner, and if there is anything in the Forest Act to this effect, it is opposed to the accepted legal maxims and would lead to discontent among the people.

The Guilty Mind of Germany.

The "Pioneer":—In deciding upon concrete collisions of military duty with moral instinct, the English courts have always insisted that the presence or absence of the "guilty mind" in subordinates should be established as a factor in their position. The fullest exercise of this distinction would still leave the humbler instruments of "frightfulness" with a load of responsibility which it would be disastrous to let them evade. To whatever extent the German rank and file may have had their credulity abused in particular matters, there are none of them who are not aware of the criminality of poisoning wells, of maltreating prisoners, of firing upon drowning men, of abusing women and children, and of dozens of other practices that have been rife in the present war. And all the evidence show that these things have been done not with reluctance but with an exultation in giving rein to passion and cruelty under the pretext that war releases the soldier from every moral tie. That the "guilty mind" by which the whole German community is visibly permeated should fail to be brought to its account would be a fatal rebuff to every security upon which the freedom and confidence of the world must be based. Above all it is vital that Germany should be purged of the conviction that the collective State can take in trust the conscience of the citizen and protect him from the results of thus deplenishing his manhood. The degradation of Germany has its roots in this individual shirking of moral judgment, with the consequence that civilisation has been imperilled by the organisation of a large community of mere automata under the control of a coterie without ruth or conscience.

Election v. Nomination.

The "Express":—To say that only the nominees of the executive, and none else, inspire confidence in the Government is a calumny on the people's representatives and an act of injustice to the Government. The Government, we think, repudiate this argument no less strongly than popular opinion resents. The observation that only persons nominated by the Government—officials or non-officials—would inspire confidence carries with it an insinuation that even a District Magistrate forfeits his claims to Government respect and confidence the moment he is elected by the people, notwithstanding the fact of his being a high official. Pushed to its logical limits, the ridiculousness of the statement becomes obvious.

It Makes no Difference.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika"—The matter, however, which concerns us the most is the appointment of a new Secretary of State for India. Earl Crewe has left us and in his place Mr. Austen Chamberlain has stepped in. It is, however, all the same to us whether a Liberal or a Tory rules over us. Indeed, when India is concerned a Liberal becomes a Tory and vice versa. We cannot recall one good act of Lord Crewe on which we can congratulate ourselves of his Lordship, except perhaps the appointment of Sir Sarkaram Nair to his new post. On the other hand his interpretation of Lord Hardinge's promise of conferring provincial autonomy on Bengal and other Indian provinces will always rankle in the minds of the people of this country. The "Englishman" has come down upon his Lordship with virulent language. That shows that Anglo-Indians also had their grievances against him.

A PAGE FOR THE HOME.

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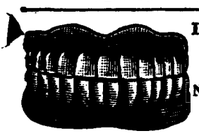

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(Continued on 6th column.)

FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, May 7.

There is a note of economy about the fashions of this war year that has been conspicuously absent in the modes of the last four or five seasons—a sign that womankind has grasped the actualities of the situation, and has determined to make up in smartness what she lacks in costly material. The coat-and-skirt costume is more generally worn than anything else; and a money-saving fashion is the acceptance of the two garments made up of different material, so that one can use up "lengths" bought at the sales and yet be absolutely in the van of fashion. A clever cut is all that is nessary to make the costume as smart as it is possible to be. A little care in the trimmings, and the wearing of the dainty *etceteras* that go to complete the modern "rig-out," need not necessitate a large expenditure of money; and the jaunty chapeaux that we wear in common with the French mondaine require the minimum of trimming, and can be easily made at home by even the most inexperienced milliner.

FASHIONABLE WALKING-FROCK.

The very smart frock for walking shown in the sketch was made of nigger-brown taffetas, trimmed with black satin, and completed by an organdi collar. The dress is an example of the dominant notes of the prevailing fashions, for the skirt is full both as to its under and upper parts. The overskirt is cut up very considerably in the front, to fall in graceful folds at both sides, and four bands of the satin are arranged upon it. The waist and hips are kept perfectly flat by the yoke band, no fulness being allowed here. The bodice repeats the bands of black satin over the shoulders, but is otherwise quite plain, being cut out at the neck to make room for the collar, which gives the relief to otherwise sombre colours. The little pocket is both useful and ornamental. The sleeves are quite long, and are finished by satin cuffs.

A DELIGHTFUL BLOUSE.

The charming blouse here represented is blue crepe-de-chine, with the sleeves made of white chiffon and the collar and vest of shadow lace. It is a nicely-fitting blouse, without the smallest constriction anywhere. The oblong vest fastens from right to left with one button, and is an unusually pretty shape. If preferred the sleeves could be rucked for their entire length; or they might end at the elbow. All these details are matters for individual choice; but, finished as they are here at the wrist with a dainty little cuff and frill, are very smart and becoming. New blouses seem to be the universal demand at this time of year.

A BECOMING LITTLE HAT.

The pretty little satin cap that greets us here could be very easily accomplished by the home milliner, and so could the flowers that so becomingly trim it, and the cost would be inconsiderable. The satin is black, and the flowers and leaves are built up of dull red, green, blue, and black oblong beads. The satin should be cut carefully to the size required, and mounted on a bought shape; and the making of the flowers is an interesting occupation for recreative hours. When completed they are applique on to the satin, and form a very dainty adornment.

ECONOMICAL COOKERY.

THE IMPORTANCE OF VEGETABLES,

The study of health and economy would be advanced if vegetables played a more important part in the day's bill of fare. Less meat would be needed, and in some cases a vegetable dish well prepared could take the place of a meat dish at one meal of the day.

A steak, pie, using only about half the quantity of meat usually required, may be prepared as follows:—Soak half a pint of haricot or butter beans for twelve hours, wash and boil them till quite tender, adding a large onion, two carrots and two turnips, prepared and cut into small pieces. Season them with salt and pepper. When all is cooked drain off the liquor and save it. Wash the beans, or, for preference, pass them through a coarse wire sieve. Place about two ounces of pieces of bread in a basin and soak it with part of the boiling liquor from the beans. The bread will soon soften and must be beaten fine with a fork. Add it to the vegetable puree, and also a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, a little grated lemon rind, a pinch of mace, and seasoning of salt and cayenne pepper. Bind the stuffing with an egg.

Cut the meat into thin stripe, shape the stuffing into rolls, and fold a strip of meat round each roll just to keep it in shape. Pile all in a good-sized pie dish, pour over the meat the remainder of the liquor, cover with a good pastry of short crust, and bake for one and a half hour. Use a portion of the egg to brush over the crust before putting the pie in the oven.

MUTTON STEWED WITH SALSIFY.

Mutton stewed with salsify makes a most delicious dish. Procure a cutlet from the middle of a leg of mutton or any meaty piece, and about one pound in weight. Cut the meat into dice and place in a brown stewing jar. Prepare and parboil a bundle of salsify, cut the salsify into neat pieces and lay these over the meat, adding a large onion peeled and sliced. Cover all with second stock and season well. Cook quickly for about five minutes, then stew in a very moderate oven for an hour and a half.

To serve, make a white thickening with an ounce of butter, an ounce and a half of flour, and sufficient milk to make a thin paste. Cook well, mix thoroughly with the meat, and garnish when dished with rolls of fried bacon and sprinkle of chopped parsley. Mushrooms prepared and cut into strips may be substituted for the pieces of mutton. When salsify is out of season green peas may be used, either fresh or dried.

A VEGETARIAN DISH.

A nourishing and palatable dish without meat is made by slicing fine a bundle of young carrots, after preparing them. Blanch the carrots for ten minutes, then drain them. Boil up one and a half pint of milk, adding an ounce of butter; cook the slices of carrot in the milk for twenty minutes or until the whole is a pulp. Stir frequently to prevent burning. Season the carrots well and add a grate of nutmeg. Dish them with a border of macaroni which has been cooked and thickened. Grated cheese should be sprinkled over the carrots and macaroni.

GETTING RID OF STAINS.

"TIPS" FOR THE CAREFUL HOUSEWIFE.

Every housewife knows the aggravation of having her household gods spoilt by all sorts and conditions of stains, but apparently every housewife does not know that most stains can be got rid of if proper methods are adopted in good time, says a writer in the "Daily News and Leader."

Table linen, for instance, Coffee stains will disappear if the stained part of the cloth is stretched over a basin and boiling water poured over the mark. Sufficient water must be used to eradicate the mark, and the sooner it is done after the coffee has been upset the better. Tea and cocoa stains are better if washed out of table linen. Tea stains generally yield to ordinary washing methods if done quickly; but cocoa is more difficult to remove. The best plan is to wash the article at once in lukewarm water, then stretch the stained portion over a basin and pour boiling water through the linen till the mark disappears.

Fruit stains can be removed from any sort of material by dabbing them with pure alcohol. If the stain is very slight it is sufficient to sponge it with hot water, but alcohol will remove the most obstinate fruit stain and will not injure the more fragile material. Pure alcohol can also be used for removing grass stains.

When ink is upset upon any sort of material the stain must be dealt with quickly if it is to be effectually removed. The old-fashioned method of covering a black ink stain with red ink and then washing the article in the usual manner sometimes succeeds, but the better plan is to sponge the ink stain with fresh milk and get out as much of it as possible. Then sponge again with ammoniated water, and under this treatment most ink stains will disappear.

Iron mould stains on linen, etc., are one of the commonest and most irritating forms of "stains" with which the housewife has to deal. It is quite simple though to remove them if this method is followed. Make some strained lemon juice and crushed salt into a paste and cover the iron mould marks with it. Afterwards put the article somewhere where the sun falls right down on the mark, and let it stay there for half an hour. And then, when the salt paste is brushed away, there will probably be no sign of iron-mould—unless it is very obstinate, in which case the operation must be repeated.

After house decoration has been going on most housewives cry out because the carelessness of the workmen has led to some piece of furniture becoming marked with paint or white-wash. It is not really necessary to let things take their course till the marks wear away—it is much better to try and remove the irritating stains.

CLEANING POLISHED FURNITURE.

Paint stains on polished furniture can be taken away by sponging them with spirits of turpentine. When the paint stains have been sponged away, stand the piece of furniture in the open air to let the smell of the turpentine evaporate. Incidentally, it is wiser to let one application of turpentine dry off before the mark is sponged a second time.

Whitewash stains on furniture—particularly on oak furniture—can be removed by covering the stained parts with a pad of rags soaked in pure sweet oil. After an hour remove the oil pad, and "dab" dry with a soft clean rag; then, whether the mark has disappeared or not, polish up in the usual way. If necessary repeat the process, and continue doing so until the white stains have utterly vanished; but be sure to polish the wood between each application of oil.

Photo by Wyndham.

A Lewis hat of blue straw, trimmed with blue flowers, with the new wired ribbon, which keeps its shape in the wind

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" SHOPPER'S LIST.

(Continued from 1st column.)

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THE CHARM OF THE EFFERVESCENT BATH.

In these strenuous days a good many people feel tired and out of sorts for no very special reason which they can trace. At such a time, says "S. B." in the "Daily Chronicle," there is nothing so refreshing as the effervescent bath. It is very easy to make the tablets at home which are needful for this luxury, at quite a trifling cost. The bath tablets are formed out of tartaric acid, bicarbonate of soda, and rice flour. These must be thoroughly mixed together in the following proportions: tartaric acid ten parts, bicarbonate of soda nine parts, and rice flour six parts. These materials should be passed through a sifter, so that there are no lumps, and it is rather a good plan to test the preparation by putting about half a teaspoonful in a cup of water. If the mixture is all right, there should be an immediate and vigorous effervescence. This is, of course, due to the fact that the action of the water liberates a great deal of carbon dioxide; it is well known that this gas has a most stimulating effect on a person who is taking a bath, and the effervescence is in no way harmful.

MAKING TABLETS.

The mixture may be used in powder form, but it is much better to make it up into tablets, and to moisten the powder we must employ a small quantity of spirits of wine. With this at hand one may proceed to make the bath tablets. First of all procure a large plate, and on to this put about an eggcupful of the powder. Next, pour over the powder sufficient of the spirit to moisten it, so that it may be easily worked up into a mass of a stiff consistency. The substance thus prepared is pressed out as evenly as possible on the plate, in a layer about a quarter of an inch thick. Now get a small tin lid, and by means of this stamp out tablets of the moist substance. All these operations should be carried out as quickly as possible, seeing that the spirit will evaporate in a few miuntes. When all traces of the spirit are gone, the tablets will set into hard cakes which will keep for a good many months, always providing, of course, that they are free from any moisture. In order to make quite sure that they are dry, it is a very good plan to put the tablets in a tin in a warm cupboard.

Of course, the number of tablets used in the bath depends upon the amount of water. For a bath of ordinary depth, two of the tablets should be sufficient if these measure about three inches across and are a quarter of an inch thick. A very little experience will show the right number to use at a time. To secure the most exhilarating effect, the tablets should be placed in the water immediately before the person gets into the bath.

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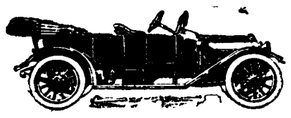

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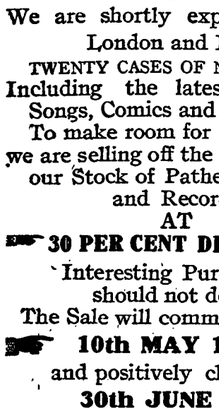

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LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

VACATION SITTING.

SHORT CAUSES.

DUES ON COMMISSION AGENCY.

(Before Mr. Justice Beaman.)

SEVAKARAN SOMERMAL *v.* MANEKCHAND SALAMCHAND NATU & OTHERS.

The plaintiff filed this suit against the defendants who were eight in number and who traded at various places, claiming Rs. 6.353 due on a commission agency account.

Mr. V. P. Vaidya appeared for the plaincounts of the various firms of the defendants with the plaintiff were settled a sum of Rs. 742-8-0 was found due by the defendants to the plaintiff at the Javra firm, and a sum of Rs. 5,302 was found due at the Piplod firm.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 6,353 with interest at 6 per cent.; costs and interest on judgment at 6 per cent.

Attorneys for the plaintiff :—Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal.

A COTTON COMMISSION AGENT'S CLAIM.

BRIJVALLABHDAS PURSHOTAMDAS *v.* SAKHASHA PADMASHA.

Mr. M. J. Mehta appeared for the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs acted as defendant's commission agents and the claim was for moneys due at the foot of a commission agency account. The defendant used to send cotton for sale to the plaintiffs and the plaintiffs accepted hundis on his behalf. The dealings commenced in Samvat 1969 and the account when settled stood at Rs. 3,600. Subsequently a sum of Rs. 1,300 was paid to the plaintiffs by the defendant. His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 2,431 tiff. The defendants were absent.

The plaintiff received from the defendants cotton, linseed &c., and advanced money to them as against the goods. When the acwith interest at 6 per cent. from 27th January, 1915, and costs.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs :—Messrs. Motichand and Devidas.

[illegible] OVER SILVER TRANSACTION.

MULCHAND SOBHAGCHAND A FIRM *v.* SRICHAND SHIVCHAND & ANOTHER.

Mr. Bamanji J. Wadia appeared for the plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs, who are shroffs, merchants and commission agents acted as defendants' *pukka adatias* and entered into transactions in silver on their (defendants') behalf. They also paid *hundis* on their behalf. When accounts were settled on 7th January, 1915, the sum due by the defendants was found to be Rs. 3,873-1-0. Subsequently some money was paid by the defendants to the plaintiffs.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 2,891-11-6 with interest from 8th January at 5 3/4 per cent. costs and interest on judgment.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs :—Messrs. Madhavji, Kamdar and Chhotubhai.

SOLICITOR'S BILL OF COSTS.

DARASHA JIVAJI VAKIL *v.* GOPALDAS NAGARDAS.

The present suit was filed by the plaintiff, a solicitor and partner of the firm of Messrs. Nadirsha and Darasha, against the defendant for recovery of Rs. 1,881, due by the defendant to the plaintiff for his bill of costs.

Mr. B. J. Wadia appeared for the plaintiff.

The plaintiff acted as the defendant's solicitor in two High Court suits Nos. 461 of 1910 and 124 of 1913. His bill of costs in respect of both the suits amounted to Rs. 2,279-14-0 and Rs. 521-2-6, respectively. The bill was taxed by the taxing master since then the defendant had paid Rs. 920 to the plaintiff. The balance due from him was Rs. 1,881.

His Lordship inquired of Mr. Wadia whether a solicitor could sue for his fees.

Mr. Wadia submitted that it had been held a number of times that solicitors could sue for their costs, while barristers could not.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 1,881 with costs. His Lordship did not award any interest on the decretal amount, observing that solicitors charged very heavy fees.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs :—Messrs. Nadirsha and Darasha.

DUES OVER MARGIN MONEY FOR COTTON.

MESSRS. BREUL & Co., A FIRM *v.* DHIRAJI NAVALMAL.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan appeared for the plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs, cotton merchants and commission agents filed this suit against the defendant for Rs. 2,820-13-0.

The defendant consigned cotton to the plaintiffs for sale and on that cotton the plaintiffs made advances to the defendant from time to time. The defendant had consigned 72 bales of cotton to the plaintiffs and as the price of cotton went down, the plaintiffs called for margin money from the defendant. The bales were sold and realised very little. The amount found due from the defendant was Rs. 2,820-13-0.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 2,820-13-0 with interest at 6 p.c. from 6th February, 1915 and costs.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs :—Messrs. Breul & Co

DUES ON PROMISSORY NOTES.

GENNA NEMAJI & Co., v. WILLIAM CECIL PATERSON.

The suit was filed by the plaintiffs against the defendant for recovery of Rs. 3,695 due by the defendant in respect of 4 promissory notes of various amounts.

Mr. Motivala appeared for the plaintiffs.

The defendant, a store-keeper, residing at Sherwata Dam, Lonavla, was absent. Rs. 940 were paid by the defendant in 9 monthly instalments, to the plaintiffs.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 3,695 with interest and costs.

Attorneys for plaintiffs :—Messrs. Dubash & Co.

A MORTGAGE DECREE.

NAOROJI MANEKJI SHETH & OTHERS v. ISMAILJI HAJI MOOSA AND DULLA KUPPA.

The plaintiffs who had lent Rs. 35,000 to the defendant, on a mortgage of his house at Pydhonie filed this suit to recover the amount and for the usual mortgage decree. The same house was subsequently mortgaged to the second defendant who was a second mortgagee.

Mr. B. J. Desai appeared for the plaintiffs. The first defendant was absent.

Mr. R. D. Wadia appeared for the second defendant.

Mr. Kolah, Solicitor of Messrs. Merwanji, Kolah, Romer and Billimoria, gave evidence as to the execution of the mortgage deed.

His Lordship passed a usual mortgage decree for Rs. 37,344, for the first defendant. The second mortgagee to be paid the balance that remained out of the sum realised from the sale of the house.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs :—Merwanji, Kolah Romer, Billimoria & Co.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

HIS FIFTH CONVICTION

SENTENCE OF TWO YEARS FOR CHEATING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, before Mr. Frank Olivera, Inspector Fuller charged Ambaji Babaji, a Hindu, with cheating Balu Gunaji in respect of Rs. 500.

The case for the prosecution has already been reported. In November last the accused and four other Hindus, who have already been sentenced, conspired to get money from the complainant. One of the accused went to the complainant with a story that he had won a lottery and the moneys were deposited in the Government Bank; but he required Rs. 20 for a stamp to draw the amount of Rs. 20.000. The complainant on paying Rs. 20, was squeezed of Rs. 200 more, on the pretext that the former sum of Rs. 20 was not sufficient to draw out such a large amount. The complainant gave Rs. 200 more by pawning his jewels. Then they showed two parcels purporting to contain Currency Notes, to the complainant, and told him that the Saheb of the Bank had strictly prohibited opening of either of the parcels, unless a sum of Rs. 500 had been paid to him. They carried the complainant to a liquor shop at Kamatipura and got him drunk. At that time the accused pretended as if he had been possessed of the devil and threatened all by saying that if Rs. 500 were not remitted within 24 hours he would eat them all. The complainant being frightened got the amount from his nephew, and paid to the accused. When the complainant demanded his share in Rs. 20,000 he was put off.

As the accused had four previous convictions, his Worship sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

SISTER CHARGES BROTHERS WITH CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate disposed of a case in which Manibai Shawji, a Hindu woman, charged her brother Mohan Shawji, with criminal breach of trust, in respect of gold ornaments valued at Rs. 140. Mr. H. B. Spencer appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Chatrapaty was for the defence.

The facts of the case were that the complainant lived near Duncan Road. On the 1st of March, the accused borrowed the ornaments from his sister with a pretext to wear them at a dinner party. He promised to return them the next day, but, however, he never turned up. On informing the police it was found that the accused was living at Mahim. The complainant went there with the police and had the accused arrested.

Mr. Chatrapaty, on behalf of the accused, stated that the charge was trumped up against the accused, as she was not on good terms with the acused. He further submitted that the complainant was suspected of being in criminal intimacy with a stranger.

His Worship ordered the accused to be discharged on the ground that sufficient evidence had not been forthcoming [illegible] any criminal intention on the part of the accused. His Worship ordered the ornaments to be returned to the complainant.

CRUELTY TO A BOY.

SHOCKING CHARGES AGAINST LEIGH PITMEN.

At Leigh during mail week three young men employed at the Astley and Tyldesley Collieries, Kermishan Nook Pit, Astley—James Blears, Herbert Short, and Robert Hoyle,—were charged with assaulting John William Cowley (15), a boy employed in the same pit.

Mr. Hayward appeared for the boy Cowley, and Mr. Dootson defended the three men.

Mr. Hayward said the boy Cowley had during the few months he had worked at the pit been subjected to systematic cruelty. The revelations came as a shock to the management, and they had taken steps to stop it. On April 22. Short got hold of Cowley, took him to Blears, and they then put him into a sack and tied it up at the neck. They dragged him over the rough ground near to the pit mouth and then dropped him on the ground. Another day Blears and Short pulled down the boy's trousers and smeared him all over with dirty, evil-smelling oil. They then ripped off his shirt and carried him naked up and down a part of the pit.

On another occasion Short got hold of the boy and pulled him on the metals in front of moving tubs until they were only a foot away, and then suddenly dragged him away. It was a fearful experience for the lad, for if Short had let go and the boy had fallen in front of the tubs his life would have been in danger. Hoyle got hold of the boy and swung him over the shaft, where there was a 600 feet drop. If any mistake had been made the boy would have met with a frightful death. At another time the boy was put in an empty tub, which was sent down an incline and he was jogged up and down.

Mr. Dootson, for the defence, contended that there had been no cruelty at all. When the lad had cheeked them they had taken hold of him.

The defendants were each fined 30s. and 7s. each advocate's fee.

BIRTH OF AN HEIR TO PANNA.

(From a Correspondent.)

DAYGAD BARIA, May 1.

The news of the birth of an heir to his Highness the Maharaja Saheb of Panna was received here with great rejoicings. All the State departments were closed in honour of this event and the day observed as a public holiday. Sweats were distributed to school children.

THE JAM-E-JAMSHED DEFAMATION CASE.

PROSECUTION COUNSEL ON OBJECTIONABLE PASSAGES

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate resumed the hearing of the case in which Mr. H. J. Bhabha, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Zoroastrian Conference and Professor P. A. Wadia, Dr. N. N. Katrak and Mr. S. C. Petit, Secretaries, charged Mr. J. B. Murzban, Proprietor of the "Jam-e-Jamshed," and Mr. P. J. Marzban, Editor, for defamation. Mr. G. S. Velinkar, Barrister, and Mr. D. M. Madon, Advocate, instructed by Mr. Pocha, Solicitor, appeared for the complainants, while Mr. V. F. Vicaji was for the defence.

Mr. Velinker in resuming his address to the Court referred to the question of criminal liability of Mr. Jehangir Murzban regarding the articles objected to. Counsel stated that from the documentary and oral evidence it was quite clear that (1) Mr. Pirosha Murzban always consulted Mr. Jehangir Murzban about risky matters, and Mr. Jehangir was also responsible for the working and proceedings of the "Jame," (2) that Mr. Jehangir's attention was drawn to the alleged articles published in the "Jame"; (3) that the subject, on which the controvercy was held, was of vital importance to the Parsi community; (4) that Mr. Jehangir was responsible for the policy of the paper, as a Proprietor, as he had a right to control his staff from publishing defamatory articles in his paper.

OBJECTIONABLE PASSAGES.

Mr. Velinker then dealt with the passages for which the accused was charged.

He stated that the word "lepers" was used against the moral character of the Zoroastrian Conference and from the way in which Mr. Payne argued on that point it is clear that it was used not merely to mean that the Conference should be shunned as plague. But even supposing that the meaning of that word was as was argued by Mr. Payne. it was defamatory. He then referred to another passage, where the Conference people had been compared to the Waghris, a low class tribe, who live upon by trapping birds by spreading nets. The suggestion was that the Conference was taking innocent Parsi women into nets and leading them to destruction Mr. Velinker then referred to other passages, and stated that the articles objected to were based on false assumptions, that the Conference was in favour of admitting "Juddins" (aliens) in the Zoroastrian community, that it could not stand on its own legs, and depended upon the patronage and help of those who disregarded the enjoinments of the Zoroastrian religion, that it gave practical lessons in immorality to the Parsi community, and that the Conference had proved itself superior to even Muzdak and Mani. Counsel submitted that not a scrap of evidence had been brought forward to show that there was any truth in these statements.

The Magistrate reserved judgment in the case.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

APPROVER DESCRIBES DACOITY AT RABHON.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, June 1.

In the Lahore conspiracy case the Special Commissioners met again yesterday, when the accused and counsel were present as before.

Approver Narain Singh concluded his statement, the latter portion of which described the last attempt—and this was a successful one—which witness and his comrades made to commit a dacoity at the house of Khatrani at Rabhon. He mentioned full details of the gathering at the Dera of Sadh, the instruments and implements which Sadh lent them for the occasion, the start for the objective with fire-arms and other weapons, the arrival at the house of the victim, the actual dacoity and return and dispersal of the conspirators.

Witness also described the distribution of booty, after the silver and gold jewellery had been melted. A thousand rupees were sent to the headquarters of the party and the balance Rs. 2,000 was distributed among the dacoits. Some of the accused told the witness that a large number of their men were in Germany and America. These men were led by Har Rayal and aimed at the liberation of India by force and that the Indian emigrants were returning to their country to achieve this object by fighting against the British Government. Mention was also made of the forthcoming arrival in their midst of a Bengali of black colour to make bombs. This was said to be a man who had thrown the bomb at the Viceroy at Delhi and who was not arrested by anybody.

Cross-examined by counsel for the defence, witness stated that when Khatrani asked Chular Singh for money for grain out of her own cash which the dacoits had seized, Chular Singh gave her two handfuls out of the booty. Witness was quite close and their lantern was burning. In his statement to the police he mentioned the Bengali but made no reference to the German and American sympathisers of their movement. He did not know if Kishan Das Sadh used tobacco. He had heard that Hari Singh and Dalip Singh had mentioned the witness's name in their statement to the police. He had not met a Bengali anywhere.

Sucha Singh, the last approver, began to make a lengthy statement which was not finished when the Court rose for lunch. He identified 12 of the accused.

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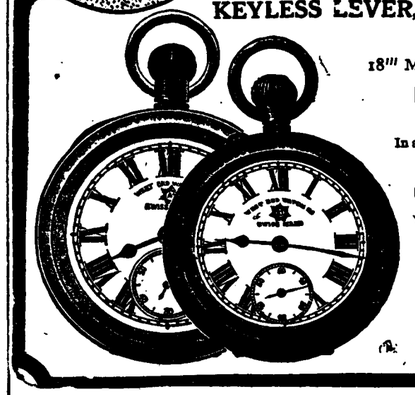

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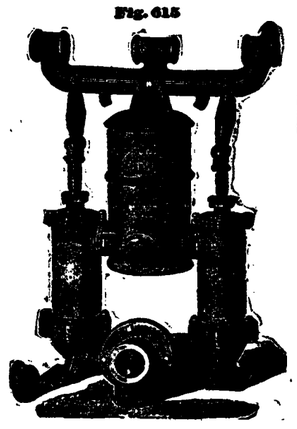

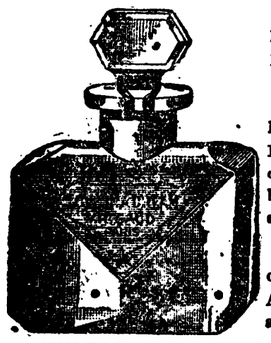

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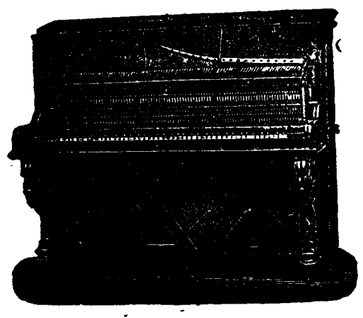

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